

## MARCUS

Has the Program All Cut and Dried  
at Columbus.

Very Small Advance Guard

Has Up to This Time Dropped Into the State  
Capital to Help Nominate a State  
Ticket—It is All Off With the  
Foraker Crowd.

Special by Associated Press.

Columbus, Ohio, April 23.—Not as many people are here in advance as is usual on similar occasions for the Republican state convention which meets in this city tomorrow. Apparently there will be no contests over anything or any places in this convention. It is conceded that the delegates at large to Philadelphia will be Senators Hanna and Foraker, Governor Nash and Congressman Dick. There will be a few contests for alternates at large. The platform has been drafted by leading Ohio Republicans in Washington.

Senator Foraker will not attend the convention. He cancelled his engagement of rooms today and announced that he would not be here. The entire Foraker contingent is sore over Hanna having captured everything in sight. Colonel Dick arrived today at noon and Hanna will come in tomorrow morning.

### ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

After Killing His Wife and Wounding a Young Woman.  
Syracuse, April 23.—John Hughes, 60, shot and killed his wife, Hannah Hughes, and seriously wounded Elizabeth Lyons, 16, as the women were leaving St. Vincent de Paul's church. He then went to the house of a friend a mile distant and attempted to commit suicide by stabbing himself near the breast with a pair of shears. He was found there by the police and arrested. He and Mrs. Hughes were married about a year ago, but their married life was unhappy and they separated six months ago. Since then Hughes has lived at a friend's house, Mrs. Hughes remaining with her daughter.

Guarding the Prisoners.  
Buffalo, April 23.—A Niagara Falls special says: "Chief Youngs of the Dominion police, with a force of a dozen regular policemen and 250 armed deputies, is guarding the jail at Clifton, Ont., where are confined the three men charged with blowing up Lock No. 24 at Thorold, Ont., Saturday night. The extraordinary precautions taken for the guarding of the men is the result of a rumor that reached Chief Youngs to the effect that 400 Buffalo grain shovellers were on their way here to liberate the prisoners. The militia of the district, the Forty-fourth battalion, has been called for service and can be mobilized at Clifton at short notice. Last night it was thought the men blew up the lock were Boer sympathizers. Today the opinion has changed. It is now the belief of many persons in Clifton and nearby Canadian villages that the dynamiters were agents of Buffalo grain shovellers, and sought to blow up the lock for the purpose of disabling the Welland canal, thereby preventing the passage of grain through the canal from Port Colborne to Montreal."

Cause of Delay.  
London, April 23.—The Standard publishes a long dispatch from Bloemfontein explaining the numerous difficulties which tend to delay the advance to Pretoria. The correspondent says: "Enormous transport difficulties are enhanced by the rainy weather and by the necessity of providing for the needs of the army for weeks, perhaps months, in case of an interruption of the long line of communications, together with the unsettled condition of the country in our rear and the guerrilla tactics of the enemy. It is obvious that until our flanks are cleared and no longer menaced no forward movement is possible without incurring the gravest risks."

Cau Reader No Service.  
Berlin, April 23.—The semi-official Berliner Post publishes an inspired article in which it is stated that the sentiment regarding the Boers still remains friendly throughout Germany, but that the government sees no reason why the Boer peace delegation could come to Berlin, since no good could be obtained from such a visit, many being unable to render the

## GREAT GAIN

Shown in Revenues and Various  
Lines of Trade in Mexico.

City of Mexico, April 23.—Statistics showing great gains in Mexican trade and revenues have been published. In 15 years the gold value of imports has risen from \$23,350,000 annually to \$51,000,000. The exports, which are reckoned on a silver basis, have risen from \$48,725,000 to \$148,000,000. The stamp revenues increased from \$4,774,000 to \$23,250,000. The total federal revenue has risen from \$37,621,000 to \$60,275,000. The federal telegraph lines 15 years ago were 23,693 kilometers in extent, and now number 70,103 kilometers. The railway lines have increased from a total extent of 5,708 kilometers to 12,751, and the construction of new lines is actively progressing. The treasury department now meets every bill as soon as due, and the revenues are steadily increasing. Specimens of platinum of excellent quality have been received here from placer mines in Sonora.

Large copper deposits have been found near the city of Oaxaca. English capitalists are buying the copper mines. The rumored sale of the Cecil Rhodes group of mines in Zacaupani district is denied by the London bank, which, according to a report wired from here, was handling the business for Rhodes. The price was put at \$4,000,000 gold, and there are no mines in the district worth that amount. Still it is possible these mines may have been sold to London capitalists.

Boston parties are looking over the field for the introduction of shoe manufacturing on the American plan and establishing tanneries. They estimate that there is a domestic sale here of 15,000,000 pairs of shoes annually. Goat skins and hides amounting to many million dollars are now shipped to the United States, and it is believed that a large and profitable business can be done here in tanning skins and making shoes on a silver basis, not only for Mexico, but for west coast countries in South America. Native capitalists are becoming interested in this project, which bids fair to rival in profits the already established lucrative cotton textile industry. The textile people believe that before long they will be able to ship their goods to South America, as they manufacture on a silver basis.

Bradley Interviewed.  
Frankfort, Ky., April 23.—Former Governor W. O. Bradley, leading counsel for Republican Governor Taylor, gave the following authorized interview: "I have had no communication with Governor Taylor since he went to Washington. The press, I notice, states that he is there preparing his case for the supreme court. I am satisfied that this is not true. Governor Taylor went to Washington on purely personal business not connected in any way with the trial of his case. Nor do I believe the report to be true that he is in New York attempting to prevent the honoring of a requisition for his return to this state. As to whether a requisition could be lawfully issued by Mr. Beckham, or would be recognized, it is unnecessary for me to express an opinion, as these are questions that must be determined by the authority upon whom such a requisition may be made. Governor Taylor has publicly declared that he was not and would never be a fugitive from justice, and that if indicted he would respect the law and meet his accusers face to face. Therefore there remains but one course open to him, and that is to return as soon as he can, walk boldly and bravely into court and meet the indictment like a man. Any other course would be rank injustice, not only to himself, but to those friends who have been accused of so foul a crime. I do not know whether an indictment has been found against Governor Taylor, but if it has I have no doubt that he will promptly surrender himself into the hands of the law, and believe that any intimidation to the contrary does him an injustice."

Killed by a Bandit.  
Eagle Pass, April 23.—News has just reached here of the killing of Jordan L. Cooke at Acapulco, Oaxaca, Mexico. Cooke was in charge of a railroad construction gang at that place and was standing in a group of half a dozen men when a bandit rode up and fired several shots into them, killing young Cooke. His father, who is ex-Sheriff Cooke of Maverick county, Tex., has taken the matter up with the Mexican authorities.

Strikers Quiet.  
Croton Landing, N. Y., April 23.—So far as the strikers were concerned Sunday was an exceedingly quiet day in Camp Roosevelt. It was feared there would be trouble because the contractors had paid to the strikers nearly \$30,000 due for wages, but there was not an incident of an exciting nature.

Killed in a Drunken Row.  
Chillicothe, O., April 23.—James Stewart, a veterinary surgeon, who lived at Londonderry, this county, was found dead in a street on the east side of this city with his head bruised. George Poe was arrested and confessed that he struck Stewart with a stone in a drunken row and killed him.

## EACH

Step is Contested

As the British Troops Advance on Wepener.

Heavy Fighting all Day

At Jammernberg Drift in Which  
the Rain is a Factor.

Transvaal Government Asks Leave to  
Send a Clergyman to St. Helena  
Where the Valiant Cronje  
is Confined.

Special by Associated Press.

London, April 23.—General Rundle is apparently advancing toward Wepener, but every step is being closely contested by the Boers.

A Taba N'Chu dispatch, dated April 20, reports the arrival there of commandants Dewet and Villiers and the attack upon three thousand British under General Gatacre. The latter, of course, is a misstatement, as it is probably General Rundle who is meant. The Boer loss was one killed and five wounded.

The Transvaal government has asked Lord Roberts to be allowed to send a clergyman to St. Helena, and also a neutral consul to watch the interests of prisoners in the same manner that Adelbert Hay guards the interests at Pretoria of British prisoners.

### HEAVY RAINS

Interfere With the Progress of the Jammernberg Fight.

Boer Camp, Taba N'Chu, April 23.—Fighting continues day and night at Jammernberg Drift. The English trenches have been so full from the rain that men have been obliged to every now and then clamber to the banks only to be shot down. The Boers were so drenched on Saturday that they were unable to sleep so they started a debate on the subject of the good to be derived from virtue and courage. The discussion lasted most of the night, shells at intervals interrupting the speakers.

BOERS HOLD THEIR OWN  
In an Engagement With Gen. Brabant's  
Relief Column.

London, April 23.—It is quite probable that by this time General Sir Henry Rundle has fought a decisive battle with the Boers. He entrenched himself Saturday to await the arrival of General Campbell with the Sixteenth brigade. That commander arrived Saturday evening and news may therefore be expected at any moment. It is still impossible to ascertain the position of affairs at Bloemfontein or to learn when the long-expected advance northward will begin. The dispatches conflict regarding the state of preparations. For instance, the Bloemfontein correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the troops have been supplied with winter clothing and that the Modder river has fallen sufficiently to permit cavalry to cross. The Standard's representatives say almost the exact opposite. Present indications, however, point to still further delay.

Without attaching undue importance to the stories from Lorenzo Marques concerning the strength of the Boer forces, it would almost seem that former estimates of 30,000 were rather low. During the last few days there has been a renewal of Boer activity in all parts of the theater of war. The tenacity of the enemy around Colonel Dalgety proves that considerable forces are still there. Lord Roberts has ordered Lord Methuen to retire from Boshof probably for the same reason. The presence of a Boer force at Frankfort looks like an intention to endeavor to cut off Methuen, who may next be heard of as retiring upon Kimberley. The Boers are said to have encircled Bloemfontein to the eastward in a crescent formation. There have been several outpost affairs in that vicinity.

Brabant's Advance.  
Maseru, Basutoland, April 23.—General Brabant's advance guard reached Bushman's kop Saturday evening. The Boers held a strong position there, with two guns. The engagement opened at sunrise with heavy rifle fire.

At 6:30 a. m. shelling began and continued for several hours. General Brabant's forces are on the plain and have fairly open country all the way to Wepener.

Four Boer guns were hard at work on the 64 Colonel Dalgety's position. The British guns have replied at intervals. The Boers are divided into three divisions, two being in positions to repel relief columns, the distant roar of whose artillery is audible.

General Brabant's relief force is reported to be in the neighborhood of Bushman's kop, 20 miles from Wepener. The Basutos are posted on the border for defensive purposes. They are behaving in orderly fashion, but are showing the most intense interest in the outcome of the developments of the next 24 hours.

Colonel Dalgety heliographs: "All well. Boers fired 300 shells without doing much damage."

Deceived the English.

London, April 23.—The Lorenzo Marques correspondent of The Times says: "Information received from responsible sources shows that at one time the two republics had 105,000 men in the field, including the colonial rebels. According to the same informant they can still muster 80,000, of whom 50,000 are in the Free State, 10,000 are in the Biggarsburg district and 15,000 in the districts of Fourteen Streams and Klocskop. It is believed that before the war the burghers' lists were deliberately falsified in order to deceive the British intelligence department."

Boers Active.

London, April 23.—A dispatch to The Times from Jammernberg says: "The Boers are displaying renewed activity. Five guns were used freely from four different positions against ours. A rifle-firing south and west was heavy and continuous. Officers and men are on duty day and night in the trenches, and the heavy rains of late have made their task a great feat of endurance and pluck."

Fighting Near DeWets Drift.

Wepener, April 23.—Fighting was continued, mainly with artillery. The yeomanry and mounted infantry pushed forward on the right flank, and were subjected to shelling and a heavy rifle fire. The Royal Irish rifles captured a Free State flag. The Boers are well entrenched and hold their ground tenaciously. The British casualties have been light.

Thrifty Free Staters.

Kimberley, April 23.—A letter from Bloemfontein says that the Free Staters are coining money out of the British occupation. Bread is 2 shillings a loaf, sugar 2 shillings and 6 pence per pound and Swiss milk 3 shillings a tin. Other articles are proportionately high.

General Warren En Route.

Durban, April 23.—General Sir Charles Warren arrived here en route for East London, Cape Colony. It is believed that he is going to the Orange Free State to assume an important civil post.

### CUBAN POLITICS.

Democratic Union Party Is Fast Gaining Strength.

Havana, April 23.—The members of the cabinet are still considering where they stand with respect to the recently expressed views of the secretary of agriculture, General Rius Rivera, who has demanded that the United States government should set a time limit for the occupation of the island.

Most of the members feel that if they do not resign they will be looked upon by the Cuban voters as being neglectful of the interests of the island, while on the other hand they feel that if they should resign they would not only lose their salaries, which to a majority of them are important items, but also that their places would be occupied by members of the Democratic Union party, which is gaining strength every day and which represents the conservative element, together with all the autonomist organizations. Its leaders believe in giving the United States full swing. Their policy is that, while the intervention lasts, they should devote themselves to preparing the country for eventual self-government, and they would favor the election of an advisory board instead of the present appointed cabinet.

### ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of the Games Played In the Several Circuits.

Chas. W. L. Jr.	Chas. W. L. Jr.	Chas. W. L. Jr.
Philis	3	0 100 Chas. 1 2 35
St. Louis	2	1 697 N. Y. 1 2 35
Brook	2	1 697 Philis 1 2 35
AT ST. LOUIS		
St. Louis	0 21 0 0 0 2 1-6 15	
Pittsburg	0 0 1 0 1 0 0 3-5 3 1	
Batteries	Rosell and O'Connor; Phillips, Waddell and Zimmer. Umpire—Hurst.	
AT CINCINNATI		
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 2 1-4 10 4	
Chicago	0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0-6 7 3	
Batteries	Hahn and Reitz; Garvin and Donahue. Umpire—O'Day.	
AMERICAN LEAGUE.		
At Kansas City—K. C. 10; Minnesota 15. 5.		
At Chicago—Chicago 5; Milwaukee 3.		

The Weather.

For Ohio—Showers and warmer; winds shifting to fresh easterly.

For West Virginia—Showers; variable winds.

For Indiana—Rain; increasing; easterly winds.

## POINTED

Were the Words Used by the Senate  
Committee

In Denying Clark the Seat

Which He Endeavored to Retain in the United  
States Senate. The Charges of Bribery  
and Corrupt Practices  
Sustained.

Special by Associated Press.

Washington, April 22.—Senator Chandler, from the senate committee on privileges and elections, today submitted the report in the case of Senator Clark, of Montana. The report was comparatively brief, covering only fifteen pages of printed matter. It does not rehearse the testimony, but simply points out the findings. The findings of the committee are as follows:

"That the election of Wm. A. Clark, of Montana, is null and void on account of bribes, attempted bribes and corrupt practices by his agents and of the violation of the laws of Montana regarding the elective franchise."

The committee unanimously recommends the adoption of the resolution that Wm. A. Clark was not duly and legally elected.

A minority of the committee did not approve of some of the features of the report. The views of the minority will be submitted later. Senator Clark has refused to make a statement at this time.

### WORSTED.

Filipinos Again Take the Field in  
the Island of Luzon.

Manila, April 23.—Last week was one of the bloodiest of the war since the first day's fighting around Manila. Authentic reports, mostly official, show a total of 378 Filipinos killed, 12 officers and 244 men captured and many more wounded. The number wounded is hardly guessable. Considering that the Filipinos entirely lack hospital facilities, a great majority of the wounded will die. Probably the week's work finished 1,000 insurgents. The American loss was nine killed and 18 wounded. Two sergeants and one private were killed in ambushes while escorting provision trains.

Twenty Filipinos of the province of Batangas attacked Lieutenant Woude, who, with eight men, was scouting near San Jose. The lieutenant and five men were wounded and one private was killed.

Sergeant Ledous of the Thirty-fifth infantry was badly wounded in an ambush near Baliuag. Lieutenant Hatch of the Thirty-seventh infantry, with 70 men, had a five-hours' fight with 400 insurgents in the Nueva Caceras district. Twenty of the insurgents were killed.

Colonel Smith's command captured 130 officers and men with Montenegro. The officers were brought to Manila. Montenegro, who was formerly one of the most dapper officers in the Filipino army, looks worn and haggard. He says he had led a terrible life for months, and he has offered to return to the north with Colonel Smith to endeavor to persuade his former comrades of the uselessness of opposing the Americans.

One hundred escaped Spanish prisoners from the province of Tayabas, south Luzon, have arrived at Manila. The insurgents have 400 more Spaniards in that district. The insurgents have been aggressive in almost every province of Luzon. General Pio del Pilar's band, numbering 300, which was out of sight for three months, the leader being reported killed, reappeared in its old field, San Miguel. Pilar is supposed to be again in command. He gave the American garrison at San Miguel, consisting of three companies of the Thirty-fifth infantry, with a galling, three-hours' fight, during a night attack. The loss of the insurgents in this engagement is not included in the foregoing total, as they removed their dead and wounded, but presumably it was considerable.

Grand Jury Still in Session.  
Frankfort, Ky., April 23.—While the

Franklin county grand jury has not adjourned, it is understood that the investigation of the Goebel assassination has been completed. The indictment against Republican Governor Taylor, charging him with being an accessory to the murder, will be held up till after the argument of the governorship contest case, which is docketed for hearing before the supreme court at Washington, April 30, and it is said by persons in the councils of the prosecution that no such warrant will be issued or other steps taken in the case till after that time. The rumor that Governor Eckham had been applied to for a requisition is without foundation.

Situation Improving.

Meridian, Miss., April 22.—Passenger traffic, by transferring at several bad washouts, has been resumed on the Alabama Great Southern road. The Mobile and Ohio passenger train, waterbound at Quitman for five days and nights, pulled into Meridian at noon. Eighteen hours were consumed in making 90-odd miles. Full traffic on the Mobile and Ohio, Alabama and Vicksburg and New Orleans and Northeastern roads can not be resumed inside of 10 days.

Bryan as a Peacemaker.

Topeka, April 23.—While William J. Bryan is in Wichita next week his good offices will, it is said, be sought to settle the differences existing between the Populists and Democrats in the Sixth and Seventh districts, where fusion is split wide open on account of the attitude of rival nominees for congress. The fusion politicians are very much concerned by the situation in these districts.

To Be Deported.

New York, April 23.—Adelbert Wolcott Bogdanowsky and Anton Rody, alias Anton Koschinsky, who arrived in this port on the steamship Palatia, will be sent back to their homes when the Palatia next sails. The men admit that they were implicated in a daring burglary in Lemberg, Galicia.

Towed Into Port.

Halifax, April 23.—The British steamer Sir Garnet Wolseley, from Philadelphia for Cork, which has been beating around the ocean disabled for two weeks, was towed into Halifax by the British steamer Runo.

Light Sentence.

Sionx City, Ia., April 23.—Ernest Meyer, who killed his brother-in-law, Christ Bauer, March 10, was convicted by a jury. The penalty for the crime was fixed at \$500 or one year in jail.

Massachusetts Democrats.

Boston, April 23.—Nineteen of the 30 delegates from this state to the national Democratic convention, together with a number of alternates, met in this city to arrange the details of their trip to Kansas City. The entire second floor of the Hotel Baltimore, Kansas City, has been hired for the use of the New England delegation, giving accommodation for 150 people at a total expense of \$800 a day. Two club rooms will be taken for headquarters purposes at a cost of \$100 a day. George Fred Williams was elected permanent chairman of the delegation.

Coal Output.

Washington, April 23.—According to returns representing between 80 and 90 per cent of the total tonnage, the production of coal in the United States in 1899 is estimated by Edward W. Parker, statistician of the United States geological survey, to have amounted to 230,838,973 short tons, equivalent to 255,559,650 short tons. As compared with the production of 1893, when the product amounted to 198,405,853 long tons, or 219,574,667 short tons, this indicates an increase of over 54,000,000 long tons, or 17 per cent.

A Large Shipment.

Birmingham, Ala., April 23.—The largest single foreign shipment of cotton cloth ever made from the south was forwarded by the Dwight cotton mills of Alabama City, Ala. The shipment comprised 17 carloads, and is destined for points in the Chinese empire.









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We have a large sum of money to loan on  
city property and improved farm lands, at  
the very low rate of 10% per annum, with  
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any time. Call on us when you want money  
at a low rate of interest, easy terms, and  
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## NO. 54.

## First Class Barber Shop

Ladies and Children's Hair Cutting  
done to order. Special room for ladies  
hair dressing. A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

## MONEY TO LOAN

At 10 to 12 per cent on FARM LANDS OR  
CITY PROPERTY centrally located. Long  
time with privilege of paying part or all  
at any time. Call on us when you want money  
at a low rate of interest, easy terms, and  
without delay.

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## THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,  
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.  
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 34.The Times-Democrat  
prints daily the regular  
telegraphic report of the  
Associate Press.DEMOCRATIC CIRCUIT COURT JU-  
DICIAL CONVENTION.

The Democrats of the Third Judicial Circuit District of Ohio, will meet in convention at Lima, Ohio, Wednesday, April 25th, A. D., 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., for placing in nomination a candidate for circuit judge for said Third Judicial Circuit District of Ohio, and for the further purpose of transacting such business as may properly come before said convention.

The basis of representation in the convention will be one delegate for every one hundred votes cast for Hon. John R. McLean for Governor in 1899, and one delegate for each fraction of fifty or over. Under the apportionment, the several counties will be entitled to representation as follows:

Allen county.....	46
Ashtabula county.....	46
Crawford county.....	46
Delaware county.....	46
Denwick county.....	46
North county.....	46
Henry county.....	46
Logan county.....	46
Madison county.....	46
Merger county.....	46
Paulding county.....	46
Putnam county.....	46
Sandusky county.....	46
Union county.....	46
Van Wert county.....	46
Wyandot county.....	46
Total.....	461

Necessary to a choice.....361

The Democratic circuit court committee of said district at its meeting held in the city of Lima, on the 24th day of March, 1900, adopted the following resolutions: "No person appointed by a committee or committee-man shall be seated as a delegate in the convention this day called, except where they have already been selected or appointed, and the election of delegates shall be held in such manner as is prescribed by the proper local Democratic committee of each county."

The Democratic committee will meet for the election of temporary officers of the convention at the Norval hotel, in the city of Lima, on the 24th day of April, A. D., 1900, at 9 o'clock p. m.

By order of the Democratic circuit court committee of the Third Judicial District of Ohio.

J. H. GOEKE, Chairman.  
E. H. MAINS, Secretary.

## MAN-EATERS OF THE SEA.

Forty-five Sailors Eaten by Sharks in the Pacific Ocean.

Washington Star: "Clark Russell or Robert Stevenson had in one of their sea-romances described the wrecking of a ship, the upsetting of life rafts by shoals of ravenous sharks and the devouring of forty-five of the crew they would have, indeed, been termed romances by the public," said a former captain in the Pacific Mail service. "Yet this was the unhappy fate of the crew of the British ship Huphe, wrecked recently in the China seas."

"People here and along the eastern sea-coast do not know what sharks are, as compared with the huge and voracious man-eaters of tropical waters. Whenever a good-sized shark is seen off one of the New Jersey coast resorts it is made a matter of news in the press and timid people won't bathe in consequence. In the warm waters of the tropical Pacific they flourish to enormous size, and in the harbors swarm around the Pacific Mail steamers in schools like gigantic minnows. It is actually terrifying to lean over the steamer's rail and watch these blood-thirsty titlers of the sea glide through the still waters, fighting like demons for scraps of ship's refuse thrown overboard by the cooks. In the harbor, landlocked and placid, of Acapulco, on the west Mexican coast, they are as thick almost as salmon in the Columbia. The third engineer and a fireman on one of the vessels I commanded were returning to the steamer one afternoon, both a trifle under the influence of stimulants. In some manner they capsize the small boat in which they were rowing, and, before my eyes and those of the crew and passengers on the deck, were sucked down in a whirlpool of the sharks, the straw hat of the engineer alone floating beside the upturned boat to tell the tale of their untimely end. It was a horrifying, pulse-stopping sight. Every sailor on board of Pacific vessels knows that one of the most terrible of deaths awaits him if he falls overboard when the vessel is lying in harbor. In the Atlantic ocean his chance of being saved are good."

## CHAMP CLARK'S LETTER

Congressman Grosvenor  
Talked Too Much.

FATAL GIFT OF SARCOASM.

Poking Fun at the Boers May  
Prove Costly Amusement.

IN MELANCHOLY NOVEMBER DAYS.

Senator Hear Sends Cold Chills Down the Spines of the Jingo-Predicted Downfall of Republican Party. Quotes Some "Illustrious Traitors." Defines Powers of Congress Under the Constitution.

[Special Washington Letter.]

The signs of the times indicate that General Charles Henry Grosvenor of Ohio, who is generally supposed to speak for the McHanna administration on the floor of the house, made a great mistake when he delivered a speech poking fun at the friends of the Boers. As a piece of sarcasm the speech was a rare success, but the venerable statesman from Athens has lived in vain almost to the psalmist's allotment of threescore years and ten if he has not yet learned that sarcasm is a fatal gift—as fatal to a man as beauty is said to be to a woman. The Republican warhorses revealed in sarcasm that day. Everybody enjoyed the artistic manner in which he performed, but subsequent events seem to demonstrate that the American woods are full of sympathizers, and the general and his chief are liable to regret that speech once, and only once, which will be as long as they live.

In the days to come—the melancholy days of November—when the Republican chieftains are quarrelling among themselves as to who defeated William McKinley for a second term, if General Grosvenor does not keep his optic peeled, his confederates will saddle the whole responsibility on to him. He will find that, like the parrot whose neck was twisted nearly out of joint by his late master, "he talked too much."

Joseph Weldon Bailey has already won his fight for a Texas United States senatorship, his rival, Hon. Horace Chilton, having withdrawn from the contest. I repeat here and now deliberately what I said some time ago—that within two years from the day that Bailey is sworn in as a member of the less numerous branch of the national legislature he will be recognized as the foremost debater in the senate. He is now headed for the field of his glory. God speed the lion-hearted young statesman in the great career which is opening before him. Of course we regret that he leaves the house. My own feeling toward him is not so much admiration as deep personal affection or, more properly speaking, a mixture of the two. He is a man to trust and love. I am not disparaging Senator Chilton. He is able, capable, courageous, honest, but Bailey is my close personal friend. I have helped him fight many battles, and to men who fight side by side in the house there comes a feeling akin to that which comrades in arms entertain for each other.

## Senator Hear's Great Speech.

Senator George Frisbie Hear of Massachusetts, successor to Charles Sumner, delivered a speech in the senate recently which must have made the cold chills chase each other up and down the spinal columns of the Philippine jingoes. Truly he laid on and spared not. He smote them hip and thigh. He broke them on the wheel, drew and quartered them, roasted them on red-hot coals, gibbeted them before high heaven, brayed them in a mortar, stretched them on the rack, whipped them at the cart's tail and otherwise despatched them. It was a most remarkable speech—remarkable in many ways and for many things—remarkable for its fire, for its historic learning, for its legal lore, for its eloquence, for its personalities and for its length. He was three hours in delivering it. If he had actually spoken every word he printed, it would have consumed five or six hours in its delivery. By reason of its great length no one paper will ever print all of it, and for the same reason it will not be generally circulated in pamphlet form, as that would be too expensive, for be it remembered that congressional speeches are not printed free and in unlimited quantities, as most people seem to think, but are paid for in very hard cash by the author or by somebody else. This great speech by Senator Hear—for a great speech it is beyond all cavil—will cost somewhere from \$20 to \$25 per thousand. But it is too good a campaign document for the Democrats to be lost. Consequently I offer no apology for making up the bulk of this letter of quotations from it—quotations which should be saved up and used for campaign purposes by all who read these letters. He draws this glowing picture of our position at the close of the Spanish war:

## A Great Achievement.

"From all over the country came the voice of well paid labor, dwelling in happy homes, full of contentment with the present and of hope for the future. Capital was seeking new investments on all sides. Our domestic market, rescued from foreign invasion, was our own. Foreign markets were opening. The balance of trade was on our

side. The product of American industry was carried abroad on an overwhelming and increasing tide.

"We had won the glory of a great liberator in both hemispheres. The flag of Spain—emblem of tyranny and cruelty—had been driven from the western hemisphere and was soon to go down from her eastern possessions. The war had been conducted without the loss of a gun or the capture of an American soldier in battle. The glory of this great achievement was unlike any other which history has recorded. It was not that we had beaten Spain. It was not that 75,000,000 people had conquered 15,000,000, not that the spirit of the nineteenth century had been too much for the spirit of the fifteenth century, not that the young athlete had felled to the ground a decrepit old man of 90. It was not that the American mechanic and engineer in the machine shop could make better ships or better guns or that the American soldier or sailor had displayed the same quality in battle that he had shown on every field—at Bunker Hill, at Yorktown, at Lundy's Lane, at New Orleans, at Buena Vista, at Gettysburg, in every sea fight on Lake Erie or on the Atlantic. Nobody doubted the skill of the American general, the gallantry of the American admiral or the courage of the American soldier or sailor. The glory of the war and of the victory was that it was a war and a victory in the interest of liberty. The American flag had appeared as a liberator in both hemispheres. When it floated over Havana or Santiago or Manila, there were written on its folds, where all nations could read them, the pledge of the resolution of congress and the declaration of the president. Every true American thanked God that he had lived to behold that day."

Ominous Prediction.

In these mournful words he predicts and deprecates the death of the Republican party:

"I believe, Mr. President, not only that perseverance in this policy will be the abandonment of the principles upon which our government is founded, that it will change our republic into an empire, that our methods of legislation, of diplomacy, of administration, must hereafter be those which belong to empires and not those which belong to republics, but I believe persistence in this attempt will result in the defeat and overthrow of the Republican party. That defeat may not come this year or next year. I pray God it may never come. I well remember when the old Whig party, in the flush of delirium and anticipated triumph, gave up the great theories which it had so often avowed and undertook to abandon the great territory between the Mississippi and the Pacific to its fate. It held its convention at Philadelphia. It selected as its candidate a great military chieftain. Amid the tempest and delirium a quiet delegate from my own state arose and declared to the convention that the Whig party was dead. It seemed that a more audacious, a more foolish, a more astounding utterance never fell upon human ears. And what was the result? The party carried the country and elected its president. But within less than four years thereafter Daniel Webster, as he lay dying at Marshfield, said, 'The Whig party as a political organization is gone, and it is well.' Let no such fate attend the Republican party. In my judgment, if not now, it will retrace its steps in time."

The two concluding sentences of that paragraph are pitiable when we consider who uttered them. Senator Hear is an old man. He helped create the Republican party, which, he fondly hoped, was immortal, but he sees its finish. Yet the affections of his heart cling to it, and despite the evidence of his own senses he exclaims, "In my judgment, if not now, it will retrace its steps in time." Vain hope! The Republican party, like Ephraim of old, is joined to its idol, which is the almighty dollar. All the eloquence, all the learning, all the pathos, all the courage, all the patriots of a dozen men like Senator Hear, cannot check it in its mad career. It is doomed!

## Illustrations.

Speaking of Edward Everett's splendid prophecy—that a time would come when Washington's birthday would be celebrated even in the Orient—Senator Hear exclaimed:

"The time which the orator predicted came. In that eastern archipelago, no longer the home of barbarism, a people had achieved their independence and thrown off the yoke of centuries. They were longing for civilization, education and liberty. To the millions, with which that land is swarming, in the dawning of a new light the name of Washington has become familiar. But, alas, the people are citing his example to protect their own liberties against his countrymen. They are nearly threefold in number the people to whom his farewell address was delivered. Pray to God that that revered and beautiful character, our shield so often against distempered folly and unhalloved ambition, may be theirs also."

As to traitors the venerable senator delivered himself of these sizzling sentences:

"If to think as I do in regard to the interpretation of the constitution; in regard to the mandates of the moral law or the law of nations, to which all men and all nations must render obedience; in regard to the policies which are wisest for the conduct of the state or in regard to those facts of recent history in the light of which we have acted or are to act hereafter, he treason, then Jefferson was a traitor; then Jackson was a traitor; then Franklin was a traitor; then Sumner was a traitor; then Lincoln was a traitor; then Webster was a traitor; then Clay was a traitor; then Corwin was a traitor; then Kent was a traitor; then Seward was a traitor; then McKinley, within two years, was a traitor; then

the supreme court of the United States has been in the past a nest and hotbed of treason; then the people of the United States, for more than a century, have been traitors to their own flag and their own constitution.

"We are presented with an issue that can be clearly and sharply stated as a question of constitutional power, a question of international law, a question of justice and righteousness or a question of public expediency. This can be stated clearly and sharply in the abstract, and it can be put clearly and sharply by an illustration growing out of existing facts."

He then proceeds to roast the ribs of the jingoes in this artistic fashion:

"I held that this acquisition, holding and governing can be only a means for a constitutional end—the creation of new states or some other of the constitutional purposes to which I have adverted. And I maintain that you can no more hold and govern territory than you can hold and manage cannon or fleets for any other than a constitutional end, and I maintain that the holding in subjection an alien people governing them against their will for any fancied advantage to them, is not only not an end provided for by the constitution, but is an end prohibited therein."

## Congress and the Constitution.

The constitution of the United States sets forth certain specific objects and confers certain specific powers upon the government. It creates all powers necessary or reasonably convenient to accomplishing these specific objects and exercising these specific powers are granted by implication. In my judgment, the constitution should be liberally construed in determining the extent of such powers. In that I agree with Webster and Hamilton and Lincoln and Washington and Marshall and not with Calhoun or the Democrats of the time of the war of the rebellion and since. But the most liberal statesman or jurist never went further than the rule I have stated in claiming constitutional powers for our government. The constitution says that congress may make rules and regulations for the government of the territory and other property of the United States. That implies that we may acquire and regulate territory as we may acquire and use other property, such as our ships of war, our cannon or forts or arsenals. But territory, like other property, can only be acquired for constitutional purposes and can not be acquired and governed for an unconstitutional purpose. Now, one constitutional purpose is to admit new states to the Union. That is one of the objects for which the constitution was framed. So we may acquire and hold and govern territory with that object in view. But governing subject peoples and holding them for that purpose is not a constitutional end. On the contrary, it is an end which the generation which framed the constitution and the Declaration of Independence declared was unrighteous and abhorrent. So, in my opinion, we have no constitutional power to acquire territory for the purpose of holding it in subjugation, in a state of vassalage or serfdom, against the will of its people.

## Can't Buy Allegiance.

"In the present case we have not, I repeat, bought any property. We have undertaken to buy more sovereignty. There were no public lands in the Philippine Islands, the property of Spain, which we have bought and paid for. The mountains of iron and the nuggets of gold and the hemp bearing fields—do you propose to strip the owners of their rightful title? We have undertaken to buy allegiance, pure and simple. And allegiance is just what the law of nations declares you cannot buy. The power of congress to dispose of the territory or other property of the United States, invoked in this debate, as the foundation of your constitutional right, may carry with it in a proper case a right to the allegiance of the occupant of the soil we own. But we have not bought any property there. The mountains of iron, the nuggets of gold, the hemp bearing fields, the tobacco and sugar and coffee, are not ours unless, holding first that we can buy of Spain an allegiance which Spain could not deliver, which does not exist in justice or in right, we can then go on and say that the constitution of the United States does not apply to territory and that we will proceed to take the private property of this people for public use without their consent."

"Whether the inestimable and imperishable principles of human liberty are to be trampled down by the American republic, and whether its great bulwark and fortress, the American constitution, impregnable from without, is to be betrayed from within, is our question now."

"Will any gentleman affirm that the framers of the constitution or the people who adopted it considered as an object and end of their government of limited powers which the Declaration of Independence had declared beyond the just powers of any government and contrary to natural right? Alexander Hamilton says the Declaration of Independence is the fundamental constitution of every state."

"I have been unable to find a single reputable authority more than 12 months old for the power now claimed for congress to govern dependent nations or territories not expected to become states. The contrary, until this war broke out, has been taken as too clear for reasonable question. I content myself with a few authorities. Among them are Daniel Webster, William H. Seward, the supreme court of the United States, James Madison."

As we are for home protection, the prohibition of the liquor traffic, one standard of morals and the bringing

## LAFAYETTE ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. Anspach and family, spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Ada.

Mrs. McKee, of Columbus Grove, is spending the spring months with her daughter Mrs. C. B. Garner.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Helser and family, of Lima, spent Easter Sunday with Mr. Helser's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Helser.

Rev. Gotchall, D. D., of Defiance and president of the Defiance Christian college, had the privilege of delivering an excellent address on "Man's Capabilities" in the new town hall last Friday night. It was the first opening of the hall, and in a very appropriate manner.

On last Tuesday evening at the regular meeting of the W. O. T. U., one of our consecrated White Ribboners gave a fine talk and bible reading on "Heart Purity," the purity of heart and the maturity of character imparted to the soul as a gift from God received by an act of faith in answer to perfect prayer, and a deliverance from inward as well as outward sin. A few of the aids and hindrances to heart purity, such as heredity and environment was discussed; also to uphold the law of purity as equally binding upon men and women, modesty in language, dress and amusements which may put impure thoughts into the minds, also, "To strive after the special blessing promised to the pure in heart."

Next Tuesday evening at our regular meeting, the subject of the bible reading will be found in Matt. 7:1-12, including the golden rule, a hearth and home meeting on the lives we live in our homes, and the essentials and non essentials in the home work.

On Easter Sunday morning the Sunday school of the M. E. church, gave an Easter offering of over \$12.00. Rev. Ernberger preached an excellent Easter sermon, good music, after which a contribution of nearly \$16.00 was given for India sufferers.

The Easter concert held at Liberty chapel rendered some fine music, good recitations, a short address was given by Mrs. Ernberger on the missionary work of the parent, Woman's Foreign and Woman's Home Missionary societies. The Easter offering was nearly \$17.00.

Easter Sunday evening in the Christian church the Junior C. T. U. held a gospel temperance meeting. "The Risen Savior" was the theme of the scripture lesson and a talk on what a risen Savior had done for the emancipation of women. We had two papers read—one on "Why Don't the Christians Help?" and the other on "The Man Who Died For Me," and a short talk on the mission of the white ribbon and what it represented. In connection with the dear old crusade hymns we had a solo, and two rallying songs.

Since the crusade of 1873 we have been rid of saloons in Lafayette ninetenths of the time. In the year 1886 we succeeded in getting a local option law. After a few years it was repealed, but now we have local option in the village and in the township as well. It is unlawful to keep for sale at retail, or to sell at retail, otherwise than upon a prescription of a reputable physician in active practice, or for exclusively known mechanical, or sacramental purposes, any ale, porter, beer, or other intoxicating liquors in or at any building, room, tent, booth, or other place within the limits of said village; and the penalties attached for violation.

Some of our men and boys go to the village of Harrod sometimes on Saturday night for a supply of beer, and the following Sabbath we have desecration.

Last Saturday evening three of our young bloods drove to Lima and brought back beer and a Lima tough. At 4 o'clock Sabbath morning they landed in a neighbor's barn intoxicated, and some of the white ribboners went into the barn and proved that they had come to upset or turn things upside down. Sometimes I am sorry to say that the law is violated within our own gates, not by beer but by the selling of whiskey.

On last Monday night the good women of our village went out to hear the inaugural address of the new mayor-elect. Not because it was a certain man that had been elected, but because of the issues at stake, "The saloon, or no saloon!" We learned in his short address where he stood, and was in accord with white ribbon principles.

As we are for home protection, the prohibition of the liquor traffic, one standard of morals and the bringing

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## KID GLOVE DEPT.

150 pairs of \$1.75 Kid Gloves to be sold at

69c PER PAIR

They come in blacks and colors.

about a better public sentiment. We fight beer, whiskey, older, cigarettes, tobacco, the giving of alcohol for medicine, fermented wines at the Lord's table, the army canteen and in favor of a better Sabbath observance, a better christian citizenship, a better enforcement of the curfew ordinance, a better enforcement of scientific temperance teaching, and the entering of many more doors with the evangelistic work, the solid rock upon which we have builded.

The second Monday of April was our school election for the special school district, which includes the Lafayette high school too elect new members. There were only 25 votes polled when there should have been perhaps 200—twenty men and five women. The question has been frequently asked since the election, why the women did not vote when they had the opportunity? and the question also, why did not the men vote. There has been for the last two or three years something mysterious about our school elections, consequently the people are at sea. It would seem that the men and women entitled to vote should be called together to make nominations for such offices either in caucus, primary election or convention. Two tickets should be nominated, and when election day comes we would conscientiously and intelligently cast a ballot for ones choice of candidates for such an office. A discussion in the interim of educational questions could be made to take the place of less important conversation, and if principles, not persons, be the subject of discussion, the frequent comparison of ideas would benefit us all, and thus be a blessing to society. The women of Lafayette did not vote; because they did not appreciate the right of school suffrage, neither did they feel less the responsibility and power of the school ballot; but the majority were kept in ignorance as to what was going to be done.

All intelligent christian women and especially all intelligent christian mother are deeply interested in the proper welfare of her children and the children of the state, and none are more competent for wisely judging of educational needs than the christian mother. The times demands that the very best men and women of every school district, village, town and city, men of the best morals and intelligence should be elected as members of school boards, and then teachers of culture, refinement, intelligence and the necessary moral qualifications will be hired.

MARY E. MEHAFFEY.

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We sell more Carpets and Linoleum than all other dealers in Lima.

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We have the Largest Stock.  
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The best Carpet Makers in Lima make our Carpets by HAND.  
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We undersell the people who try to undersell us.

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Wanted

Competent girl for genera' house work. Best wages paid. Enquire of Mrs. O. B. Selfridge, 650 west Market street.

Seeing Is Believing. We Have the Garland and Born Steel Ranges.

Come and See Them  
F. E. HARMAN'S.  
213-215 N. MAIN ST.

## WANTED.

FOR SALE—A Holstein cow, 11. U. Adams, Jamison avenue, near college.

WANTED—Suburban salary from start permanent place. BROWN Bros. Co. Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—First cook at Aldine Hotel, 91 south Main st. \$3.30

WANTED—Girl for general housework. \$2.00 at once at 535 east High street. W. S. Willower.

WANTED—Situation as salesman for Ohio and Indiana. Five years experience in oils and paints or hardware. Good local work. Best of references given. Address, M. J. 221 west Spring street, Lima, Ohio. apr 23/00

FOR RENT—A five-room house with good well and cistern, barn and other outbuildings; also three acres of land three miles from street car line. Inquire of J. B. Latham, 318 east Elm street, Lima, O.

FOR SALE—A stock of properties in Lima for sale or will trade for Lima property. I also have a nice property on west Spring street at a bargain. J. B. Warner, room 15, Opera House block.

WANTED—Girl for dish-washing at the Home Restaurant, 134 west High.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Small family. Good wages. Enquire at once at 650 west Market street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Inquire at 12 west North street. 1-32

FOR RENT—Good house on east Kibby street, west of Pine. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—A good trimmer. Apply at the millinery department, Thompson's Dry Goods Co. 1-24

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Must be good cook. Room 15, W. Holmes, 435 west Market street. 2-25

WANTED—Several honest men to travel for large house; salary \$750 per year and expenses with increase; include self-addressed stamped envelope. Manager, 182 Canton building, Chicago. apr 14/00

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We propose to offer, for thirty days only, big inducements. We will put a gold filling of every set of teeth free of charge. If your old plate does not fit you have your teeth put in new plates. Prices very low; gold filling put in them free of charge. Crown and bridge work, \$3.00 per tooth and up. Silver fillings 7c, cleaning 25c, gold crowns \$4.00 on, white filling 8c. This proposition is for thirty days only. Hours, 9 a. m. until 8 p. m. Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Teeth examined.

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The largest line, the best goods, the biggest assortment. Prices—from as low as the lowest, to as high as you wish to go.

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McKinley Appears as a Real Imperialist.

WOULD IGNORE THE CONSTITUTION

Republican Congress Claims It Superior to the Instrument Which Created It—A Violent and Revolutionary Doctrine—Violates Fundamental Principles.

When Mr. McKinley declared during the past summer that our recent acquisitions were a part of the United States, he spoke as an expansionist and as there are many Democrats who are expansionists by reason of the history and traditions of their party it was thought by some that the president had merely made available old Democratic policies.

When he wrote to General Otis in regard to the treaty or agreement with the Sultan of Sulu, he insisted that the Sultan should be told with due emphasis that nothing in the treaty or agreement was to be interpreted as recognizing or tolerating slavery, since the constitution of the United States expressly prohibited it. He seemed to admit that our organic law was operative wherever the flag had been planted.

But at that time the administration had not been stung by the issue of imperialism. The various trusts had not been visited into the president's cabinet. The trusts of the United States had acquired the right to do as they pleased at our hands, but were placed where they are to be placed and taxed and starved where they are to be taxed and starved.

When the trusts began their whingeing the president was easily convinced, especially as Mr. Hanna was close at hand to emphasize the arguments. In the war of convenience the president was not a party to it. He is convinced that our constitution is the superior of that of any other nation, especially when it happens to be a Republican Congress. If it were a Democratic Congress the case would be different but as matters stand, the president and his advisers are convinced that the constitution is not valid on the other side of the water.

When a president or a party or any public man without regard to party, contends that the constitution has jurisdiction outside of the constitution which created it, the contention is in the nature of a claim in behalf of power and authority that can have no existence in a republic which is governed by the people for the people. In short while Mr. McKinley, as a philanthropist, is in favor of free trade with Porto Rico, he has been compelled by the demands of the trusts to announce that the constitution does not apply to territories which are separated from this country by salt water but which Congress superior to the constitution has plenary powers there.

There is a very wide difference, as we have already intimated, between expansion and imperialism. This is the mistake that the anti-expansionists of New England have been making. They have been denouncing as imperialism, a policy which bears not the remotest relation to imperialism. The constitution has claimed that there could be no such thing as imperialism in any policy carried out under organic law, but the president and his party announce that a Republican Congress is superior to the instrument which created it and can exercise a jurisdiction wholly independent thereof. This is imperialism of the most violent and revolutionary type, and if it is carried out it must result in a complete annihilation of the character of our government. Instead of a national development it is in the nature of a perversion.

We now see the administration riding behind Mr. Hanna on King George's horses, illustrating in some measure an old folk song the words of which need not be quoted here. Congress is mounted, too, and the whole motley procession is trying to gallop away from the constitution of the country and get outside of its jurisdiction. Thus, then, is imperialism, and the most enthusiastic expansionist must oppose and resent it if he believes in republican institutions, if he has any regard for justice, liberty and popular rights. It is a vicious and revolutionary doctrine which comes in conflict with every political principle that has heretofore found lodgment or support in the minds of the American people. It is a doctrine which, if carried out to its logical conclusion, would destroy all constitutional guarantees whatsoever for if Congress can go outside the jurisdiction of the constitution as Porto Rico it can go outside that jurisdiction in Massachusetts or in Georgia. Mere statehood does not give any additional rights to the individual. It simply adds to the dignity and importance of the body politic. The only way that we can prevent the inhabitants of Porto Rico from enjoying the rights guaranteed to the people of Arizona, New Mexico and Alaska is to go outside the constitution and violate the fundamental principles of the republic. That is precisely what the Republican party in Congress is undertaking to do.

In brief, the Republicans have entered upon a career wholly new to the history and experience of political parties in this country. They have raised an issue which in its nature and essence is of more importance than all the issues that have been discussed since the right of secession was the subject of debate—Atlanta Constitution.

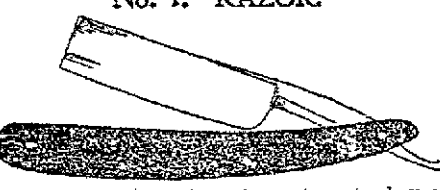
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This razor we know from the most practical experience to be the best. Read the following: "This is a razor that I have used for two years and I can say that it is the best I have ever used. It is offered by McLaughlin's XXXX Coffee and I guarantee that it is the best razor and I guarantee that it is the best razor and I guarantee that it is the best razor." Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

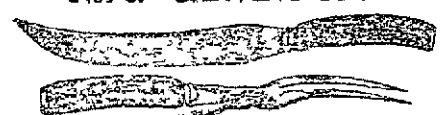
Early Sherman House, Chicago  
Notary Public for Cook County,  
Dec 12 1899  
A razor sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 2. BUTCHER'S KNIFE.**



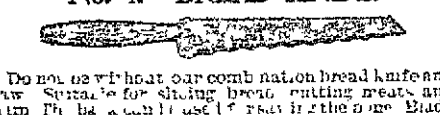
Very useful for kitchen use. Blade of the best quality steel, rosewood handle. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 3. CARVING SET.**




Knife and fork, genuine star handles, length of blade eight inches. Set of stainless steel. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 4. BREAD KNIFE.**




Do not use wheat or corn meal bread knife and saw. Suitable for slicing bread, cutting meat and ham. The blade is made of stainless steel. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 5. Child's Knife and Fork Set.**



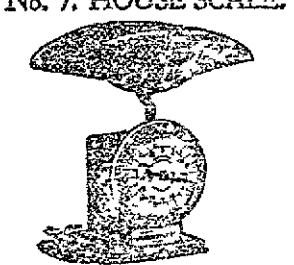
Three handsome pieces of artistic workmanship. Handles are ivory, polished, perfect in every respect, and packed in fancy lined box. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 6. SPOONS.**



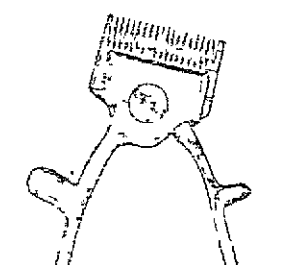
These are handsome teaspoons ornamented with a double design, embossed handles, and made of first-class material. Come in a package sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 7. HOUSE SCALE.**




With scoop. A most practical scale for all purposes. It is made of brass and is very accurate. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 8. HAIR CLIPPER.**




Fully adjustable, cuts 1/4 of an inch. Made of stainless steel. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 9. LADY'S PEN KNIFE.**




Two blades made of fine steel, fancy pearl handle, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 10. Gentleman's Knife.**



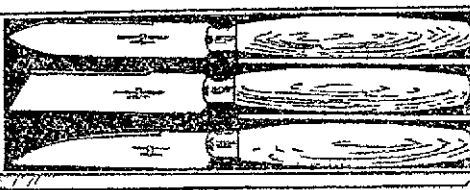
Made of fine quality steel, set of three blades, steel handle, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 11. JACK KNIFE.**



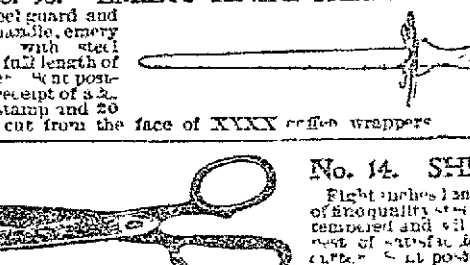
Ebony or rosewood handle, steel blade, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 12. PARING KNIVES.**



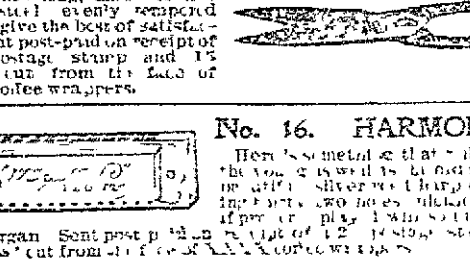
One complete set consisting of three different paring knives, best quality steel blades, enameled handles, no better paring knives made. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 13. EMERY KNIFE SHARPENER.**




Has steel guard and wooden handle, emery fastened with steel running full length of sharpener. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 14. SHEARS.**



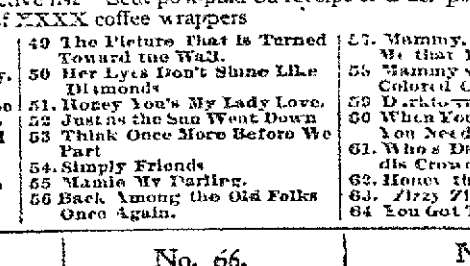
Eight inches long, made of fine quality steel, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 15. SCISSORS.**




Six inches long, made of fine quality steel, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 16. HARMONICA.**




Here is a metal star, all in case. The sound is clear and loud. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 17. FEATHER BOA.**



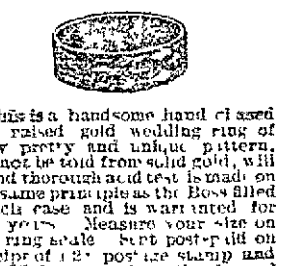
These elegant boas are made of white and black feathers. They are perfect in every respect. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 18. Lady's Belt Buckle.**



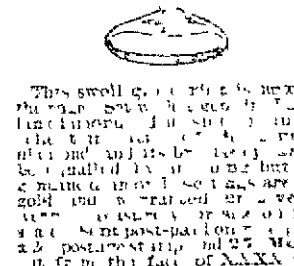
Beautifully designed, made of fine quality steel, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 19. BAND RING.**



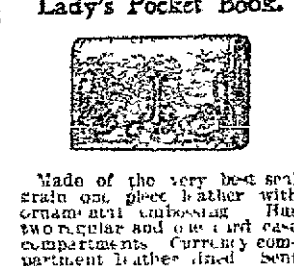
This is a handsome band of raised gold, wedding ring of very pretty and unique pattern. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 20. Parian Diamond Ring.**



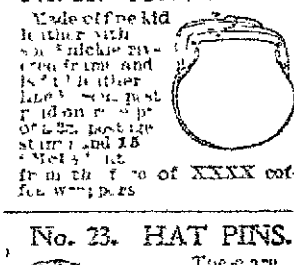
This swell diamond ring is made of parian, set with a large diamond. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 21. Lady's Pocket Book.**



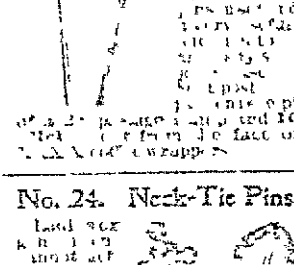
Made of the very best seal grain, gilt leather, with cream and blue lining. Has two pockets and a small case compartments. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 22. COIN PURSE.**



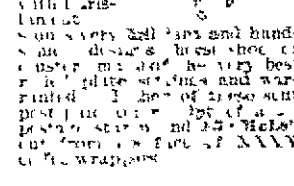
Made of fine silk, with a large coin pocket and a small case compartments. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 23. HAT PINS.**



These are made of fine quality steel, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

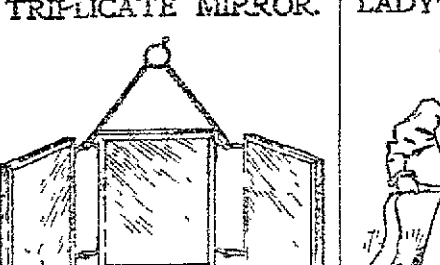
**No. 24. Neck-Tie Pins.**



These are made of fine quality steel, highly polished. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

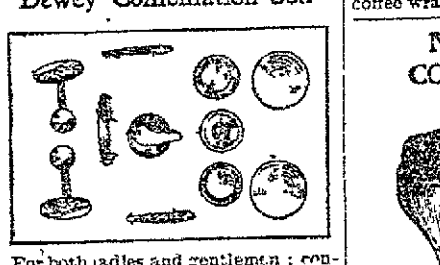
## NOT IN A TRUST

**No. 25. TRIPPLICATE MIRROR.**



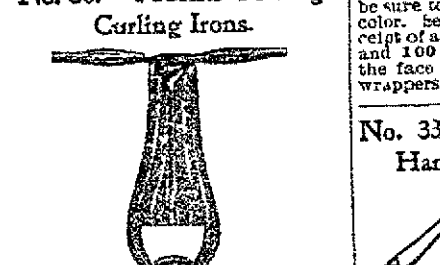
Size of each mirror 24 inches. Handsome, ornate, and bound with nickel covers, length when opened 111 inches, height 101 inches. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 29. Dewey Combination Set.**



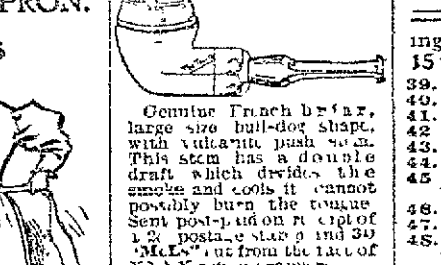
For both ladies and gentlemen; consisting of a pair of handsomely chased and engraved, new style hair curl buttons, three engraved beauty pins for shirt waists; one set of four collar buttons, consisting of one ball top button for the front, necktie holder for the back and two lever buttons for the sleeves; also a pair of plain cuff buttons for cuff ends. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 30. Tourists' Folding Curling Irons.**



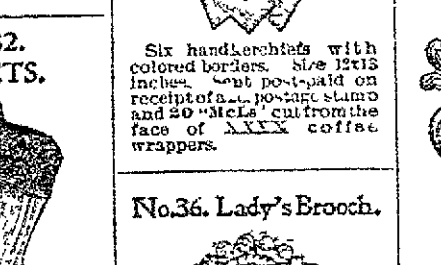
The most perfect folding curler made. The joints are fitted with springs which securely hold the handles in various positions. Simple, durable and perfect in operation. Nickel plated, and one oak handle, especially adapted for heating over lamps, gas, etc. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 31. LADY'S APRON.**




Made of fine quality of white lawn with wide stripes and lace. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 32. CORSETS.**



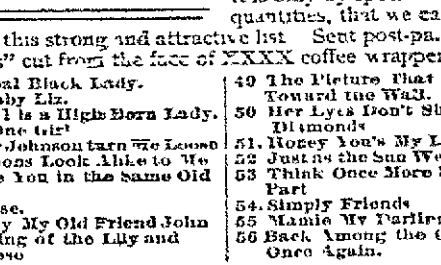
Extra fine long jean corsets made of the very best material and modeled after the very latest patterns. Color—white. Size 24 to 30 inches, waist measure. In ordering be sure to mention size and color. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 100 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 33. Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs.**



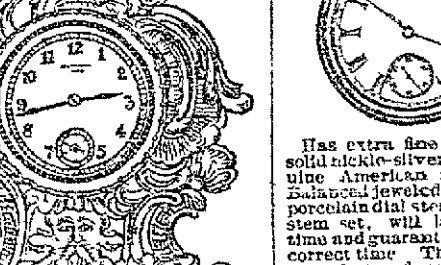
Four hem-stitched with colored borders. Size 16 1/2 x 18 1/2. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 34. PIPE.**



Genuine French briar, large size bull-dog shape, with vulcanite push over. This stem has a double draft which divides the smoke and cools it. Cannot possibly burn the tongue. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 35. Ladies' Handkerchiefs.**



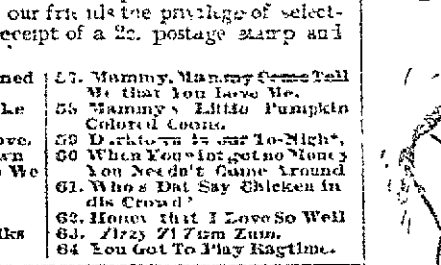
Six handkerchiefs with colored borders. Size 12 1/2 x 13 1/2. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 36. Lady's Brooch.**



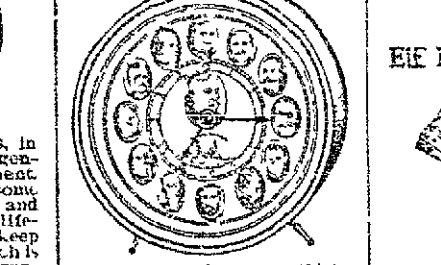
The latest Parian and Glister Brooch; set with a very pretty colored center stone surrounded by Parian diamonds. Very beautiful and brilliant. Made of the very best quality of rolled plate. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 18 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 37. DOLLS.**




Fancy dressed dolls with movable arms and legs. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 38. PAPER DOLLS.**



These dolls are by far the best ever gotten out and comprise eight dolls to the set. A set of these dolls could not be bought for less than 75c. They are in two sets, A and B. When ordering be sure to state which set you want. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 39. Vocal Music.**



This is absolutely and positively the latest, best and most popular collection of twenty-five pieces of music ever offered and it is only by special arrangements and purchases of immense quantities that we can give our friends the privilege of selecting from this strong and attractive list. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 15 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 40. My Coal Black Lady.**

41. My Baby Liz.

42. My Girl is a High Born Lady.

43. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.

44. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 41. The Picture That is Turned Toward the Wall.**

42. My Girl is a High Born Lady.

43. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.

44. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 42. My Girl is a High Born Lady.**

43. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.

44. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 43. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.**

44. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 44. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.**

45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 45. I Love You in the Same Old Way.**

46. Because.

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 46. Because.**

47. Johnny My Old Friend John.

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 47. Johnny My Old Friend John.**

48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 48. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.**

**No. 49. The Picture That is Turned Toward the Wall.**

50. My Girl is a High Born Lady.

51. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.

52. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

53. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

54. Because.

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 50. My Girl is a High Born Lady.**

51. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.

52. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

53. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

54. Because.

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 51. Mister Johnson Turn the Lamp On.**

52. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.

53. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

54. Because.

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 52. All Gotta Look Alike to Me.**

53. I Love You in the Same Old Way.

54. Because.

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 53. I Love You in the Same Old Way.**

54. Because.

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 54. Because.**

55. Johnny My Old Friend John.

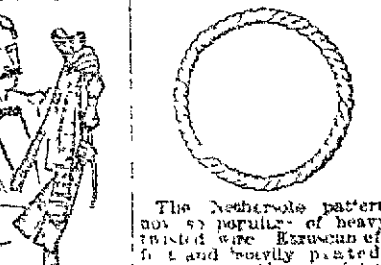
56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

**No. 55. Johnny My Old Friend John.**

56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.

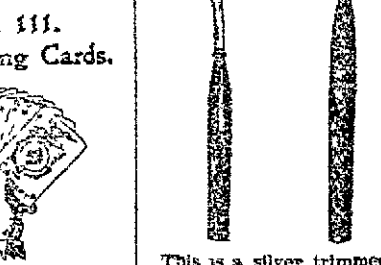
**No. 56. Wedding of the Lily and the Rose.**

**No. 57. Patriotic Alarm Clock.**




Nickel-plated runs thirty hours with one winding, beautiful illustration of the United States. This watch is far superior in every respect to watches offered as premiums by other package coffee houses. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 100 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 58. Gentlemen's Watch.**



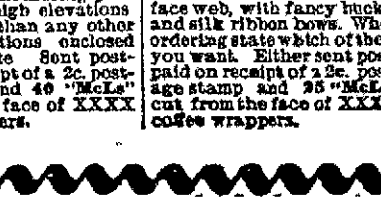
Has even fine works, in solid nickel-silver case genuine American movement. Balanced, jeweled, handsome porcelain dial, stem wind and set. Will last a lifetime and guaranteed to keep correct time. This watch is manufactured and guaranteed by one of the largest watch factories in the United States. This watch is far superior in every respect to watches offered as premiums by other package coffee houses. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 200 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 59. Gold Faced Clock.**



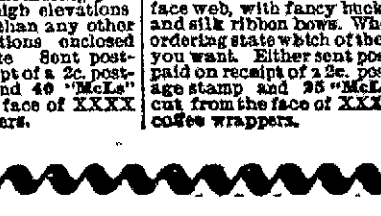
Height 8 inches, finely finished in French satin gold plating, has a fine American movement, constructed like a watch and guaranteed to be a good time-keeper. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 115 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 60. Algerian Table Mat.**



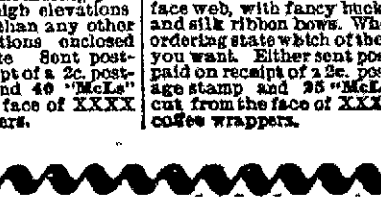
These can also be used for pillow covers. They are round with gold tinsel, are made in very pretty designs and will be an ornament to any lady's parlor. Size 18 x 18 inches. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 61. Vegetable slicer.**



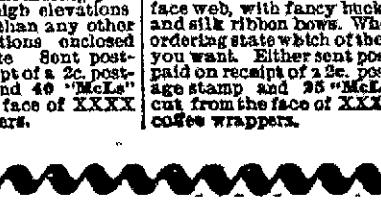
For slicing apples, pears, bananas, potatoes, beets, cucumbers, turnips, radishes, cabbage, etc. Various novel and attractive designs are produced—shaped as butterflies, plain fluting, Saratoga chips, shoe stumps, etc. Positively no waste, anybody can use it. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 62. Algerian Table Spread.**



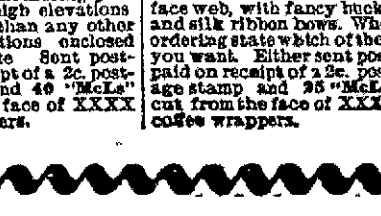
This spread is simple and artistic and is made by the skilled workmen of Algeria. They come in very pretty designs and are inlaid with gold tinsel. These goods were first introduced at the World's Fair and have been the rage ever since, commanding fabulous prices. Size 60 x 60 inches. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 150 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 63. Neckties.**



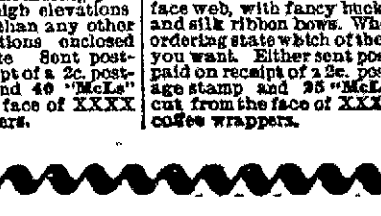
Here is something every man is looking for. The latest style in neckties and made of the best silk. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 50 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 64. Lady's or Gentleman's Umbrella.**



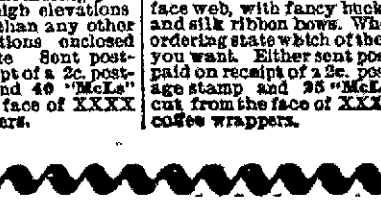
This is a silver trimmed, seven-rib steel rod, Paragon brand, comes with a fine handle, with a large button and a large button. When ordering be sure to mention whether a lady's or gentleman's is desired. Sent either by post or express prepaid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 170 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 65. Ladies' Garters.**



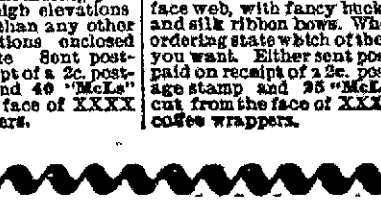
One pair in a box. Supporters made of silk face web, with nickel safety pin top, and nickel button and loop fasteners, all colors. Band Garters made of silk face web, with safety buckle and silk ribbon bows. When ordering state which of these you want. Either sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 35 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 66. Scientific Diamond Box Kite.**



Modeled after the Harrogate type. The most successful style of kite. Used by the United States Government in measuring phenomena at high elevations. Flies higher than any other kite. Directions enclosed with each kite. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 40 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.

**No. 67. Playing Cards.**



These are made of fine linen stock, highly enameled and finished with a 23 x 11 1/2 inch size. They are particularly adapted for playing cards or any game where the space within which to play is limited and on the other hand are large enough to be used for any game at home. Sent post-paid on receipt of a 2c postage stamp and 40 "McLs" cut from the face of XXXX coffee wrappers.







**DRAGGED****Under a Passenger Train**

**Louis Martin the Victim of a Frightful Accident.**

**Alighted From a Passenger Train and Forgot to Let Go of the Handle—Taken to the Hospital.**

Louis Martin, a young man about 19 years of age who lives on the Findlay road opposite the Coss & Steinhilber mill and who has been employed as night porter at the Normal, was the victim of a frightful accident this afternoon.

Young Martin boarded south bound passenger train No. 5 on the C. H. & D. which left the station at 12:41 o'clock, for the purpose of riding over to the south side. He did not get off when the train stopped at Vine street but concluded to ride to the Main street crossing and by the time it reached there a good rate of speed had been attained. He alighted from the forward end of the smoker and foolishly held onto the handle and the result was that he was instantly dragged and thrown beneath the coaches.

After being dragged a short distance he was forced to release his hold upon the handle and fell almost under the wheels. The oil boxes saved his life by striking him and knocking him clear of the wheels. Twice he rolled almost directly in front of the trucks but each time the oil boxes struck his body first and knocked him onto the ends of the ties beside the track.

When picked up it was found that the wheels had passed over the toes of his right foot, severing the great toe and crushing the others considerably. He also sustained a bad cut in his right knee and an ugly scalp wound, but was not seriously injured. He was removed to his home and afterwards to the city hospital, where Dr. A. S. Rudy amputated the mangled toes.

**SAD NEWS****Comes from Delphos, of the Death of Mrs. Stump.**

Last evening Mrs. Heffner, of 206 west North street, received a telegram from Delphos, announcing the death of Mrs. Frank Stump. The death occurred yesterday, resulting from lung trouble and the funeral services will be held at Delphos at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Mrs. Stump was well known in this city, having lived here for a number of years, while her husband was employed at the L. E. & W. machine shops and later was proprietor of a cafe on south Main street. They removed to Delphos several years ago and after conducting one of the finest cafes in that place until last fall, Mr. Stump took charge of the leading hotel there, the Phelan house.

**RUNAWAY HORSE****Wanders to the Home of D. E. Fetter, East of Town.**

Last evening while a son of D. E. Fetter, living five miles east of town, was returning home, a stray horse, wearing a portion of a set of harness, followed him. The animal was given quarters in Mr. Fetter's barn, and the owner is now being awaited. The animal is a dark bay mare with a small white star in forehead and with white on both hind feet. From the condition of the harness, Mr. Fetter is of the opinion that the mare ran away and broke loose from a vehicle of some kind.

**Funeral of Jacob Siferd.**

Rev. Reed, pastor of the United Brethren church was called to Wapakonetta yesterday to conduct the funeral services over the remains of Jacob Arcturios Siferd. The deceased was found dead in his buggy last Friday, having been stricken while driving home from town. He was born January 31st, 1832, and leaves a wife, seven sons and three daughters. One brother and sister and fourteen grand-children also survive him. Noah Siferd, employed by the city transfer company is a son and was present at the funeral.

**THROUGH HUME****The Proposed Electric Line May Be Constructed.**

**Board of Trade Committee Finding Too Much Opposition On the Cridersville Route.**

The route for the proposed Lima Wapakonetta and St. Marys electric railway may be changed and right of way may be taken up via Hume instead of through Cridersville as was originally intended. The committee appointed by the Board of Trade to assist the promoters in securing right of way between this city and Cridersville has found considerable opposition among a few of the land owners along the proposed route, one or two refusing to sell right of way and another demanding an exorbitant price.

To construct the line through Hume from Wapakonetta would probably bring it to this city parallel with the Spencerville road from Hessel chapel and while it would run nearly a mile from the Children's Home it would run within a very short distance of McBeth's lake. In addition to this the farmers along this route are anxious to have the road and are willing to assist the project.

**PNEUMONIA****Caused the Death of a Seven-Year-Old Boy Today.**

Harry Stewart, the seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stewart, of 315 Lanny avenue, died at 12:30 o'clock this morning, death resulting from pneumonia, after an illness of one week's duration.

Funeral services will be held from the residence at 1:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, Rev. Rupe officiating and the remains will be taken to Wheeling, W. Va., for interment, leaving here over the P. Ft. W. & C. at 2:50 o'clock.

**SOCIETY NOTES.**

Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Carson Dalzell entertained a large party of ladies, ten tables being filled with pedro devotees, and in one room the non-players enjoyed a social time over their needlework. Mrs. Harry Lambert at cards secured a pretty hand-painted plate, and Mrs. Howard Gray was consoled by receiving a dainty pin cushion. A delicious tea followed at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Cooney, who has been visiting her son, Mr. W. M. Cooney, of north Washington street, left for her home in Columbus today.

Cunning little Mother Goose invitations have been issued to fifteen little children for a birthday party to be given by Mrs. W. B. Van Note for Mary Kathryn Roby on Tuesday afternoon, from 2 to 5, to celebrate the third anniversary of her birth.

The Coterie club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, with Mrs. F. M. Prather, of north West street.

Mr. Sam Marmon, who has been spending several months in California, reached home yesterday, and Mrs. Annie Marmon and Misses Blanche and Emma Marmon are at New Orleans enroute home and are expected to reach Lima tomorrow.

**PATENT RIGHT****Granted to Lima Parties on a New Invention.**

T. E. Bishop, J. V. Smiley, S. Spellacy and Marion Leviness, of the south side, have secured patent rights on a newly invented improvement on stop-cocks and valves. The invention is a good one and promises to net the owners a substantial return.

**Black Crepons worth \$2 for \$1.19 a yard, at Carroll & Cooney's.**

**LIMA LODGE NO. 205 F. & A. M.**

**Special communication this evening. Work on entered apprentice degree.**

**L. F. LAUDICK, W. M. WALLACE LANDIS, Sec'y.**

**Largest stock of Carpets and Curtains at Carroll & Cooney's.**

**SPRAYS****From the Derrick Fields**

**No Change Made in Market Quotations Today.**

**Price of Crude When Compared With the Price of Well Supplies is Very Discouraging.**

**THE DISMAN STRIKE.**

A dispatch from North Baltimore to the Derrick says:

The most important wildcat drilled in this district this year has been finished up at Milton Center, Wood county, in the deep sand territory, west of the Liberty township field, in which so many futile attempts have been made to develop a productive area. This latest venture was drilled by Disman & Co., on the "Chas. Wismer farm, in section 17, Milton township. The first oil sand was struck at 1,565 feet and drilling was continued until a depth of 1,650 feet was reached. At 1,580 feet a little gas was found and oil at 1,615 feet. The well was shot with 100 quarts and the hole has filled up 900 feet with fluid and, as very little water was encountered, the owners think they have a showing for a paying well. It was tugged yesterday, but a delay occurred in getting rods and the caliber of the well will not be known before the first of the week. The oil is very dark in color, like that usually found in this deep territory. The owners are putting up a 250 barrel tank and will give the well a thorough test. They used 800 feet of casing and 60 feet of drive pipe. Disman & Co. have a block of 300 acres under lease around their well.

**MARKET IS DISCOURAGING.**

The exports of Pennsylvania and Lima oils for the last nine months, ending with March 31st, amount to 725,008,092 gallons, valued at \$55,551,779; compared with the same time a year ago the exports are 28,747,618 gallons increase and the value increased \$15,494,504, says the Sistersville Review.

The exports for March this year amount to 75,078,113 gallons, valued at \$6,494,981, against 85,273,703 gallons in March last year valued at \$5,291,534, a decrease this March of 10,195,590 gallons, but an increase in value of \$1,203,447, notwithstanding the large decrease in gallons.

This shows the markets of the world are paying good prices for their oils, while the producer is compelled to take 50 cents per barrel less for this crude than even the present prices of refined oil warrant.

A decline of 10 cents per barrel in the price for credit balances and the old and extortionate prices for casing, tubing, pipe, cordage, fittings and all material used in operations for oil, add to the many discouraging features with which producers continually contend. At best, with the present limited condition of available territory, where an average of about two paying wells to five dry holes or small wells is found, the situation was none too encouraging.

**RUSTY NAIL****Causes Ed. Helser to be Laid Up With an Injured Foot.**

Ed. Helser, the photographer, is confined to his home on the south side, suffering from an injured foot. While he was crossing the south Main street bridge his foot was penetrated by a rusty nail that protruded from the timbers.

**Republican State Convention, Columbus, Ohio, April 24th and 25th.**

For above meeting the Chicago & Erie will sell excursion tickets for one fare for round trip. Tickets on sale April 23rd and 24th; good returning April 26th inclusive.

**F. C. McCoy, Agent.**

**"The Better Part"**

Of valor is discretion," and the better part of the treatment of disease is prevention. Disease originates in impurities in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood. People who take it at this season say they are kept healthy the year around. It is because this medicine expels impurities and makes the blood rich and health-giving.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25 cents.

**VERY SUDDEN****Was the Death of Miss Catharine Burns, Yesterday.**

**Fell Dead at the Home of Mrs. Boop Near Fletcher Chapel—Funeral Tomorrow Morning.**

Miss Catharine Burns, an aged maiden lady fell dead at the home of Mrs. Boop, near Fletcher chapel, in Perry township about 6 o'clock yesterday morning, death resulting from heart trouble. Miss Burns had been at the Boop home for several days doing some sewing and seemed in the best of health. She arose at 6 o'clock yesterday morning and was moving about the house in her usual manner when she suddenly fell to the floor and died instantly.

The deceased was 53 years of age and is survived by one brother, Valentine Burns, of this city; two step-sisters, Mesdames Callie Mountzer and Caddie Noss, of Unionopolis and four sisters, Mrs. Tamer Crumrine and Mrs. Jennie Scott, of this city; Mrs. Rev. Scott, of Marshalltown, Iowa, and Mrs. Vina Speece, of Unionopolis.

The remains were removed to the home of Leonard Crumrine, at 723 south Elizabeth street, from which place the funeral cortege will leave at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The services will be conducted at Fletcher chapel by Rev. Clarence Mitchell and interment will be made in Fletcher cemetery.

**SUDDEN DEATH****Of One of the Most Prominent Attorneys of Wayne County.**

The many friends of Mrs. J. E. West, of Bellefontaine, who has often been the guest of Mrs. W. L. Mackenzie, of this city, will be grieved to learn of the sudden death of Mrs. West's father, Mrs. Judge Johnson, of Wooster, which occurred at Mansfield, last week. The Mansfield Shield gives the following account of the sad accident which caused Judge Johnson's death.

The manner in which the accident happened is as follows: Mr. Johnson arrived in the city at 3:30 on B. & O. No. 8 from the south and went to the Tremont house opposite the Union depot. He inquired of the clerk there what time he could get a train to Wooster. After being informed that the Pennsylvania No. 20, which leaves here at 6:15 p. m., was the first train, he checked his baggage and started towards the depot. It was then about 4:15 o'clock. As he neared the Erie tracks the west bound local No. 37, which runs between Kent and Galion and is due here at 4:15 o'clock, crossed the Pennsylvania tracks. Mr. Johnson waited on the walk until the engine and several cars attached to it had passed. He then started to cross to the depot and at the same time watched the receding engine and cars but did not see the rear end of the train approaching on the same track. Just as he got in the center of the track the cars struck him on the back and shoved him several feet ahead of it. He retained his equilibrium and had time enough to get off the track, but unfortunately the spaces between the ties there are not filled in with dirt so as to allow the interlocking switch apparatus and wires to work smoothly and his feet caught in the wires. The car gave him a second jolt and this time knocked him across the track and the wheels of the cars and caboose ran over his body killing him instantly.

Coroner Bushnell was notified, he viewed the remains and took possession of Mr. Johnson's personal property which consisted of about \$11 in money, letters, railroad passes and other personal effects. An examination of the body showed that his skull was badly fractured, jaw broken, right shoulder and both arms crushed to a pulp, right hand smashed, besides several bruises and cuts about the legs and body.

Judge Isaac Johnson was the senior member of the leading legal firm of Johnson & Taylor of Wooster. He served two terms as probate judge of Wayne county, was attorney at Wooster for the B. & O., a leader among the Republicans there and well known throughout the state. He had many friends among the members of his profession here and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

**CARD OF THANKS.**

I wish to extend my thanks to my kind friends and neighbors, also Rev. Moore, for their kindness and assistance during the long illness and death of our beloved husband and father.

**MRS. OPHELIA METZGER AND FAMILY.**

Judge Ewing's lecture is one which no one should miss. At Faurot's opera house, Tuesday evening. 2-3t

**CRIMINAL****Cases are Set for Trial.**

**The Bank Robbery Case Will Not be Heard Until June.**

**Prisoners Were Arraigned this Morning and Each and Every One Pleaded Not Guilty.**

When court convened this morning the prisoners were brought into court and arraigned, a plea of not guilty being entered in each case. A partial assignment was made out and posted as follows: State of Ohio vs. Charles Wilson and John Clark, May 7; State vs. Charles Williams, May 8; State vs. John Cree, May 9; State vs. Henry Huffman, May 10; State vs. Charles Brennenman and Jacob Hilly, May 11. The other cases will not be assigned until later and the one in which the public is particularly interested in, that of the State vs. N. L. Michael will not be tried before June 10.

The sheriff and his deputies have succeeded in placing under arrest all but one of those indicted by the grand jury, and most instances the parties gave bond for their appearance when their respective cases come up for trial. James Brennenman, one of the men charged with stealing oil materials from J. S. Andrews, at Beaver Dam, put up \$500 for his release, and J. J. Rockford, held to answer for embezzling funds while agent for the International Correspondence School, of Scranton, Pa., was released after furnishing for a like amount.

Jacob Busick, receiving stolen goods and buying junk from minors, had the amount of his bail fixed at \$100.

J. H. Marno, who, with the female detective, Georgia Wayman, was indicted for pocket picking, gave the required bail, but the woman is yet to be caught. She formerly lived with her husband at Indianapolis, but since the Lima episode, it is reported that they separated and she left for her former home in Kentucky. Requisition papers will be asked for if she is located and she may yet see the inside of the Allen county jail.

**THE CASE REVIVED.**

The first divorce suit to be filed with the county clerk since the new law took the jurisdiction from the probate judge, was made a matter of record Saturday. Henderson & Sprague, attorneys for Melville Frederick, prepared the petition, which is a lengthy one.

Once before a decree was granted and the couple again involved in the controversy were separated by the law, but an action followed which set aside the decree and fixed the ties of marriage tighter than ever. Now the husband comes into court and excuses himself for having deserted his wife on the ground that she was profane and grossly neglectful of the duties she took a vow to perform. The plaintiff is employed by the L. E. & W. railroad and says that his wife accused him of lewd associations because he came home at uncertain hours of the day and night; his work as an extra trainman requiring him to do so.

He alleges that his wife at one time left him at home with the children, and being called to duty, it was necessary for him to get some one to care for them. His wife, he says, returned home about four days later and when he opened the door, she attempted to shoot him with a revolver. He admits taking the weapon away from her by force, and says that he left her on that account.

**AFTER STOCKHOLDERS.**

Lavinda Smith, who has judgment against the Golden Rule Aid Company, filed a petition Saturday through Prophet & Eastman, in which she seeks to have the stockholders of the concern held responsible for the indebtedness to her. The amount asked for is \$75.68, and the court costs, \$52.34 additional.

**SETTLED THE CASE.**

An incident somewhat out of the ordinary occurred in common pleas court this morning, during the trial of the case of the Lima Drilling Co., vs. the city of Lima. The jury had been sworn and Mr. Brice for the plaintiff made his statement when J. E. Morris, one of the jurors, explained to the court that he was familiar with the matter in such a way that he didn't feel competent to serve. After a short consultation between the attorneys and the court it was agreed to dismiss Mr. Morris and let eleven jurors try the case.

The question at issue was one of

**Tailor-Made Suits.**

We can not say enough to point out their many good points. A visit to the department will do that best. See the splendid suits at \$10. Those at \$12.50 and \$14.50 are also matchless values.

**Separate Skirts.**

Excellent skirts at \$1.98 to \$5.00. Handsome skirts at \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and to \$22.50.

There is a variety here to choose from that would do credit to even the large city establishments.

**Silk Waists.**

Surprisingly dressy waists in black and all the pretty colors at \$5. Choice waist creations at \$5.98, \$6.50, \$7.50 and to \$10.

**Wash Shirt Waists**

An immense assortment in colors at 50c to \$3.50. Very pretty shirt waists at \$1.25 to \$3.98.

**Feldman & Co.**

Children's Reefers

Nobby little Garments at \$1.69 and \$1.98. Choice Goods at \$2.50, \$2.98 and to \$4.98.

209-211 NORTH MAIN STREET

**Born Steel Ranges**

\$20.00.  
\$22.50.  
\$28.50.  
\$33.50.

**F. E. HARMAN'S.**

**A TREAT**

In Store for Those Who Hear Judge Ewing's Lecture.

The lecture by Judge William G. Ewing, of Chicago, on "Christian Science the Religion of Jesus Christ," delivered Friday evening, November 3, was one of the ablest, clearest, and most brilliant expositions of the Christian Science faith that has been heard in this city. In spite of weather that was extremely disagreeable the attendance was large, including not only members of the local organization, but of other churches as well, and the arguments of the eloquent lecturer were listened to with closest attention throughout.—Herald, Grand Rapids, Mich. At Opera House, Lima, Tuesday evening, April 24. 2-am

The lecture on "Christian Science" to be delivered by Judge Ewing, at Faurot's Opera House, Tuesday evening should be heard by every one. 2-3t

**The Garland Steel Ranges**  
At  
**F. E. HARMAN'S**  
Finest in the Land.

Let every member of Lima Encampment No. 62, who is interested in the good and well fare of the encampment be present at their ball Tuesday evening, April 24th, as there is something of importance to transact. Will meet immediately after subordinate lodge.

**Special sale of Ladies' Shirt Waists at Carroll & Cooney's.**



## MARCUS

Has the Program All Cut and Dried  
at Columbus.

Very Small Advance Guard

Has Up to This Time Dropped Into the State  
Capital to Help Nominate a State  
Ticket--It is All Off With the  
Foraker Crowd.

Special by Associated Press

Columbus, Ohio, April 23.—Not as many people are here in advance as is usual on similar occasions for the Republican state convention which meets in this city tomorrow. Apparently there will be no contests over anything or any places in this convention. It is conceded that the delegates at large to Philadelphia will be Senators Hanna and Foraker, Governor Nash and Congressman Dick. There will be many contests for alternates at large. The platform has been drafted by leading Ohio Republicans in Washington.

Senator Foraker will not attend the convention. He cancelled his engagement of terms today and announced that he would not be here. The entire Foraker contingent is sore over Hanna having captured everything in sight. Colonel Dick arrived today at noon and Hanna will come tomorrow morning.

### ATTEMPTED SUICIDE

After Killing His Wife and Wounding a Young Woman.

Syracuse, April 23.—John Hughes, 60, shot and killed his wife Hannah last night and wounded a young woman. He then went to the house of a friend and attempted to commit suicide by drinking poison. He was found there by the police and arrested. He and Mrs. Hughes were married about a year ago but their married life was unhappy and they separated six months ago. Since then Hughes has lived at a friend's house. Mrs. Hughes remained with her daughter.

Guarding the Prisoners.  
Buffalo, April 23.—A Niagara Falls special says—Chief Youngs of the Dominion police with a force of a dozen regular police and 200 armed deputies, is guarding the jail at Clifton, Ont., where are confined the three men charged with having shot Lock No. 21 at Thorold, Ont., Saturday night. The extraordinary precautions taken for the guarding of the men is the result of a rumor that reached Chief Youngs to the effect that 400 Buffalo grain shovellers were on their way here to liberate the prisoners. The militia of the district, the Forty-fourth battalion, has been called for service and can be mobilized at Clifton at short notice. Last night it was thought the men blew up the lock, were deer sympathizers. Today the opinion has changed. It is now the belief of many persons in Clifton and nearby Canadian villages that the dynamiters were agents of Buffalo grain shovellers, and sought to blow up the lock for the purpose of disabling the Welland canal, thereby preventing the passage of grain through the canal from Port Colborne to Montreal.

Cause of Delay.  
London, April 23.—The Standard publishes a long dispatch from Bloemfontein explaining the numerous difficulties which tend to delay the advance to Pretoria. The correspondent says "Enormous transport difficulties are enhanced by the rainy weather and by the necessity of providing for the needs of the army for weeks, perhaps months, in case of an interruption of the long line of communications, together with the unsettled condition of the country in our rear and the guerrilla tactics of the enemy. It is obvious that until our flanks are cleared and no longer menaced no forward movement is possible without incurring the gravest risks."

Can Render No Service.  
Berlin, April 23.—The semi-official Berliner Post publishes an inspired article in which it is stated that the sentiment regarding the Boers still remains friendly throughout Germany, but that the government sees no reason why the Boer peace delegation should come to Berlin, since no good could be obtained from such a visit, many being unable to render the

slightest service either in friendly offices to both sides or in intermediation, so long as Great Britain remains determined to reject both.

### At Kroonstadt and Pretoria.

Lorenzo Marques, April 23.—Trenches are being constructed for eight miles around Pretoria. There are 40 guns in position at Kroonstadt and seven French guns at Pretoria. Twenty-five mines at Johannesburg have been charged with dynamite, and the Johannesburg fort has been dismantled.

### Was a Justice of the Peace.

Chicago, April 23.—The Chicago police say they have 18 cases against C. O. Charlson under arrest on the charge of getting small sums of money from various persons on worthless checks. Charlson is said to be a former justice of the peace and a former member of the Nebraska legislature.

### Arrest of a Count.

Chicago, April 23.—N. E. L. Combe de Coublay Lantier was arrested at the Auditorium Hotel on a charge of forgery. It is alleged that the count visited Quebec, Canada, two weeks ago and forged papers to secure money. The amount of the alleged forgery is not given but it is said to be large.

### Cuban Customs Receipts.

Washington, April 23.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the war department states that the total receipts of the Cuban treasury for the month of March 1890 were \$1,678,669. The receipts for the corresponding month of 1889 amounted to \$963,033.

### Open-air Meeting.

Yonkers, N. Y., April 23.—Rev. Dr. Talmage, on leaving the church here where he had preached was called upon by an immense throng who had been unable to enter the building and were urged to speak again. He complied by preaching in the open air.

### Shut Down For Repairs.

Youngstown, O., April 23.—The Ohio plant of the National Steel company is closed on the purpose of making repairs and putting in machinery to make steel rails. It is expected the plant will be up and running in 10 days.

### New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., April 23.—Rating and Collection company, Cleveland, \$10,000; Columbus Mt. Sterling and Columbus Electric Railway company, Columbus, \$110,000; Stanton Heater company, Martins Ferry, \$100,000.

### Prussian Railway Receipts.

Berlin, April 23.—The receipts of the Prussian state railways for March were 173,000,000 marks, an increase of 3,749,030.

### Crucy From Drink.

Chicago, April 23.—Laboring under the hallucination that his friends had entered a conspiracy to kill him, and crazed with liquor, William Aylward, a fisherman, slashed with a pocket-knife the throat of his old friend and schoolmate, William Lerkins, severing the jugular vein and causing Lerkins' death within 10 minutes. Then turning upon four other occupants of his fishing shack he lunged at them, cutting Thomas Norris, an 18-year-old boy, in the head, and in his frenzy gashing his own right hand. He surrendered to the police.

### He Read Cheap Novels.

Atchison, Kan., April 23.—In the district court Thomas C. Woerman pleaded guilty to the charge of burning the costly residence of J. C. Fox, a prominent citizen, and was sentenced to serve 18 years in the penitentiary. He admitted the Fox family had been good to him and that he set fire to the house in order to play the part of a hero by rescuing the family and thereby make his employer feel that his kindness had been bestowed worthily. Woerman was a reader of cheap novels.

### Well-Known Newspaper Man.

New York, April 23.—Benjamin Northrup, a well known newspaper man, formerly managing editor of The Mail and Express, died of meningitis after an illness of a few weeks. Mr. Northrup was born in Cleveland in June, 1856. His father built the "Northrup block" in that city. His mother was one of the founders of St. Luke's hospital, Cleveland.

## GREAT GAIN

Shown in Revenues and Various  
Lines of Trade in Mexico.

City of Mexico, April 23.—Statistics showing great gains in Mexican trade and revenues have been published in 15 years the gold value of imports has risen from \$23,250,000 annually to \$51,000,000. The exports, which are reckoned on a silver basis, have risen from \$46,725,000 to \$148,000,000. The stamp revenues increased from \$4,714,000 to \$23,250,000. The total federal revenue has risen from \$37,621,000 to \$60,275,000. The federal telegraph lines 15 years ago were 23,693 kilometers in extent, and now number 70,103 kilometers. The railway lines have increased from a total extent of 5,703 kilometers to 12,751 and the construction of new lines is actively progressing. The treasury department now meets every bill as soon as due, and the revenues are steadily increasing. Specimens of platinum of excellent quality have been received here from placer mines in Sonora.

Large copper deposits have been found near the city of Oaxaca. English capitalists are buying the copper mines. The rumored sale of the Cecil Rhodes group of mines in Zulualand district is denied by the London bank, which, according to a report wired from here, was handling the business for Rhodes. The price was put at \$4,000,000 gold, and there are no mines in the district worth that amount. Still it is possible these mines may have been sold to London capitalists.

Boston parties are looking over the field for the introduction of shoe manufacturing on the American plan and establishing tanneries. They estimate that there is a domestic sale here of 15,000,000 pairs of shoes annually. Goat skins and hides amounting to many million dollars are now shipped to the United States, and it is believed that a large and profitable business can be done here in tanning skins and making shoes on a silver basis, not only for Mexico but for west coast countries in South America. Native capitalists are becoming interested in this project, which bids fair to rival in profits the already established lucrative cotton textile industry. The textile people believe that before long they will be able to ship their goods to South America, as they manufacture on a silver basis.

### Bradley Interviewed.

Frankfort, Ky., April 23.—Former Governor W. O. Bradley, leading counsel for Republican Governor Taylor, gave the following authorized interview. I have had no communication with Governor Taylor since he went to Washington. The press notice states that he is here preparing his case for the supreme court. I am satisfied that this is not true. Governor Taylor went to Washington on purely personal business not connected in any way with the trial of his case. Nor do I believe the report to be true that he is in New York attempting to prevent the honoring of a requisition for his return to this state. As to whether a requisition could be lawfully issued by Mr. Beckham or would be recognized it is unnecessary for me to express an opinion as these are questions that must be determined by the authority upon whom such a requisition may be made. Governor Taylor has publicly declared that he was not and would never be a fugitive from justice, and that if indicted he would respect the law and meet his accusers face to face. Therefore there remains but one course open to him, and that is to return as soon as he can, walk boldly and bravely into court and meet the indictment like a man. Any other course would be rank injustice not only to himself, but to those friends who have been accused of so foul a crime. I do not know whether an indictment has been found against Governor Taylor but if it has I have no doubt that he will promptly surrender himself into the hands of the law, and believe that any intimation to the contrary does him an injustice.

### Killed by a Bandit.

Eagle Pass, April 23.—News has just reached here of the killing of Jordan L. Cooke at Acatlan, Oaxaca. Cooke was in charge of a railroad construction gang at that place and was standing in a group of half a dozen men when a bandit rode up and fired several shots into them, killing young Cooke. His father, who is ex-Sheriff Cooke of Maverick county, Tex., has taken the matter up with the Mexican authorities.

### Strikers Quiet.

Croton Landing, N. Y., April 23.—So far as the strikers were concerned Sunday was an exceedingly quiet day in Camp Roosevelt. It was feared there would be trouble because the contractors had paid to the strikers nearly \$30,000 due for wages, but there was not an incident of an exciting nature.

### Killed in a Drunken Row.

Chillicothe, O., April 23.—James Stewart, a veterinary surgeon, who lived at Londonderry, this county, was found dead in a street on the east side of this city with his head bruised. George Poe was arrested and confessed that he struck Stewart with a stone in a drunken row and killed him.

## EACH

Step is Contested

As the British Troops Advance on Wepener.

Heavy Fighting all Day

At Jammersburg Drift in Which the Rain is a Factor.

Transvaal Government Asks Leave to Send a Clergyman to St. Helena Where the Valient Cronje is Confined.

Special by Associated Press

London, April 23.—General Rundle is apparently advancing toward Wepener, but every step is being closely contested by the Boers.

A Taba N'Chu dispatch, dated April 20, reports the arrival there of commandants Dewet and Vilhiers and the attack upon three thousand British under General Gatacre. The latter, of course, is a misstatement, as it is probably General Rundle who is meant. The Boer loss was one killed and five wounded.

The Transvaal government has asked Lord Roberts to be allowed to send a clergyman to St. Helena, and also a neutral consul to watch the interests of prisoners in the same manner that Adelbert Hay guards the interests at Pretoria of British prisoners.

### HEAVY RAINS

Interfere With the Progress of the Jammersburg Fight.

Boer Camp, Thaba N'Chu, April 23.—Fighting continues day and night at Jammersburg Drift. The English trenches have been so full from the rain that men have been obliged to every now and then clamber to the banks, only to be shot down. The Boers were so drenched on Saturday that they were unable to sleep so they started a debate on the subject of the good to be derived from virtue and courage. The discussion lasted most of the night, shells at intervals interrupting the speakers.

### BOERS HOLD THEIR OWN

Relief Column.

London, April 23.—It is quite probable that by this time General Sir Henry Rundle has fought a decisive battle with the Boers. He entrenched himself Saturday to await the arrival of General Campbell with the Sixteenth brigade. That commander arrived Saturday evening and news may therefore be expected at any moment.

It is still impossible to ascertain the position of affairs at Bloemfontein or to learn when the long-expected advance northward will begin. The dispatches conflict regarding the state of preparations. For instance, the Bloemfontein correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says that the troops have been supplied with winter clothing and that the Modder river has fallen sufficiently to permit cavalry to cross. The Standard's representatives say almost the exact opposite. Present indications, however, point to still further delay.

Without attaching undue importance to the stories from Lorenzo Marques concerning the strength of the Boer forces, it would almost seem that former estimates of 30,000 were rather low.

During the last few days there has been a renewal of Boer activity in all parts of the theater of war. The tenacity of the enemy around Colonel Dalgety proves that considerable forces are still there. Lord Roberts has ordered Lord Methuen to retire from Boshof probably for the same reason. The presence of a Boer force at Frankfort looks like an intention to endeavor to cut off Methuen, who may next be heard of as retreating upon Kimberley.

The Boers are said to have encircled Bloemfontein to the eastward in a crescent formation. There have been several outpost affairs in that vicinity.

### Brabant's Advance.

Maseru, Basutoland, April 23.—General Brabant's advance guard reached Bushman's kop Saturday evening. The Boers held a strong position there, with two guns. The engagement opened at sunrise with heavy rifle fire.

## POINTED

Were the Words Used by the Senate

Committee

In Denying Clark the Seat

Which He Endeavored to Retain in the United States Senate. The Charges of Bribery and Corrupt Practices Sustained.

Special by Associated Press

Washington, April 23.—Senator Chandler, from the senate committee on privileges and elections, today submitted the report in the case of Senator Clark, of Montana. The report was comparatively brief, covering only fifteen pages of printed matter. It does not rehearse the testimony, but simply points out the findings. The findings of the committee are as follows:

"That the election of Wm. A. Clark, of Montana, is null and void on account of bribery, attempted bribery and corrupt practices by his agents and of the violation of the laws of Montana regarding the elective franchise."

The committee unanimously recommends the adoption of the resolution that Wm. A. Clark was not duly and legally elected.

A minority of the committee did not approve of some of the features of the report. The views of the minority will be submitted later.

Senator Clark has refused to make a statement at this time.

### WORSTED.

Filipinos Again Take the Field in the Island of Luzon.

Manila, April 23.—Last week was one of the bloodiest of the war since the first day's fighting around Manila. Authentic reports mostly official, show a total of 78 Filipinos killed 12 officers and 24 men captured and many more wounded. The number wounded is hardly guessable. Considering that the Filipinos entirely lack hospital facilities, a great majority of the wounded will die. Probably the week's work finished 1,000 insurgents. The American loss was nine killed and 18 wounded. Two sergeants and one private were killed in ambushes while escorting provision trains.

Twenty Filipinos of the province of Pangasinan attacked Lieutenant Wente who, with eight men, was scouting near San Jose. The lieutenant and five men were wounded and one private was killed.

Sergeant Ledoux of the Thirty-third infantry was badly wounded in an ambush near Balung. Lieutenant Bates of the Thirty-seventh infantry, with 70 men, had a five-hour's fight with 400 insurgents in the Nueva Caceres district. Twenty of the insurgents were killed.

Colonel Smith's command captured 180 officers and men with Montenegro. The officers were brought to Manila. Montenegro who was formerly one of the most dapper officers in the Filipino army, looks worn and haggard. He says he had led a terrible life for months, and he has offered to return to the north with Colonel Smith to endeavor to persuade his former comrades of the uselessness of opposing the Americans.

One hundred escaped Spanish prisoners from the province of Tayabas, south Luzon, have arrived at Manila. The insurgents have 400 more Spaniards in that district.

The insurgents have been aggressive in almost every province of Luzon. General Pio Del Pilar's band, numbering 300, which was out of sight for three months, the leader being reported killed, reappeared in its old field, San Miguel. Pilar is supposed to be again in command. He gave the American garrison at San Miguel, consisting of three companies of the Thirty-fifth infantry, with a sailing, a three-hour's fight, during a night attack. The loss of the insurgents in this engagement is not included in the foregoing total, as they removed their dead and wounded, but presumably it was considerable.

### Grand Jury Still in Session.

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Colonel Smith's command captured 180 officers and men with Montenegro. The officers were brought to Manila. Montenegro who was formerly one of the most dapper officers in the Filipino army, looks worn and haggard. He says he had led a terrible life for months, and he has offered to return to the north with Colonel Smith to endeavor to persuade his former comrades of the uselessness of opposing the Americans.

One hundred escaped Spanish prisoners from the province of Tayabas, south Luzon, have arrived at Manila. The insurgents have 400 more Spaniards in that district.

The insurgents have been aggressive in almost every province of Luzon. General Pio Del Pilar's band, numbering 300, which was out of sight for three months, the leader being reported killed, reappeared in its old field, San Miguel. Pilar is supposed to be again in command. He gave the American garrison at San Miguel, consisting of three companies of the Thirty-fifth infantry, with a sailing, a three-hour's fight, during a night attack. The loss of the insurgents in this engagement is not included in the foregoing total, as they removed their dead and wounded, but presumably it was considerable.

### Grand Jury Still in Session.

Frankfort, Ky., April 23.—While the

### Situation Improving.

Meridian, Miss., April 23.—Passenger traffic, by transferring at several bad washouts, has been resumed on the Alabama Great Southern road. The Mobile and Ohio passenger train, waterbound at Quitman for five days and nights, pulled into Meridian at noon. Eighteen hours were consumed in making 20-odd miles. Full traffic on the Mobile and Ohio, Alabama and Vicksburg and New Orleans and Northeastern roads can not be resumed inside of 10 days.

### Bryan as a Peace-maker.

Topeka, April 23.—While William J. Bryan is in Wichita next week his good offices will, it is said, be sought to settle the differences existing between the Populists and Democrats in the Sixth and Seventh districts, where fusion is split wide open on account of the attitude of rival nominees for congress. The fusion politicians are very much concerned by the situation in these districts.

### To Be Deported.

New York, April 23.—Adelbert Wolcott Bogdanowsky and Anton Rody, alias Anton Koschnowsky, who arrived in this port on the steamship Palatia, will be sent back to their homes when the Palatia next sails. The men admit that they were implicated in a daring burglary in Lemberg, Galicia.

### Towed Into Port.

Halifax, April 23.—The British steamer Sir Garnet Wolseley, from Philadelphia for Cork, which has been beating around the ocean disabled for two weeks, was towed into Halifax by the British steamer Runo.

### Light Sentence.

Sioux City, Ia., April 23.—Ernest Meier, who killed his brother-in-law, Chester Bauer, March 10, was convicted by a jury. The penalty for the crime was fixed at \$500 or one year in jail.

### Massachusetts Democrats.

Boston, April 23.—Nineteen of the 30 delegates from this state to the national Democratic convention, together with a number of alternates, met in this city to arrange the details of their trip to Kansas City. The entire second floor of the Hotel Baltimore, Kansas City, has been hired for the use of the New England delegation, giving accommodation for 180 people at a total expense of \$800 a day. Two club rooms will be taken for headquarters purposes at a cost of \$100 a day. George Fred Williams was elected permanent chairman of the delegation.

### Coal Output.

Washington, April 23.—According to returns representing between 80 and 90 per cent of the total tonnage, the production of coal in the United States in 1889 is estimated by Edward W. Parker, statistician of the United States geological survey, to have amounted to 258,538,573 long tons, equivalent to 235,538,573 short tons. As compared with the production of 1888, when the product amounted to 195,403,953 long tons, or 219,974,667 short tons, this indicates an increase of over 34,000,000 long tons, or 17 per cent.

### A Large Shipment.

Birmingham, Ala., April 23.—The largest single foreign shipment of cotton cloth ever made from the south was forwarded by the Dwight cotton mills of Alabama City, Ala. The shipment comprised 17 carloads, and is destined for points in the Chinese empire.